Decatur Weekly Republican.

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LOCAL NEWS.

EMILY J. BASSLER, of Forsyth, has been granted a pension through the agency of M. Shea.

INSIDE figures on the Haines Upright piano can be had at C. B. Prescott's music parlor. Call at once.

THE place to get a good square meal and a fine lunch, any day in the week, is at W. A. Combs' restaurant.

W. H. GRINDOL & SON have finished a fine Red Beach granite monument for Patrick McCarty at Macon.

THE renowned Philip Phillips with 1500 colossal views taken from nature, is to be at the Grand July 23, 24 and 25.

LAWN TENNIS Jackets and Blazers, very cheap, at the great clearing sale of Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co.

THE executive committee met yesterday afternoon to prepare a program for the county Sunday school convention.

THE vote on the proposition to build a new $5,000 school house at Warrensburg carried at the election held Tuesday.

DURING the storm Monday night the lightning struck a large tree on the Mrs. Beaman property and tore it in pieces.

ILLINOIS state fair at Peoria Sept. 28 to October 2; fat stock show, horse show and dairy show at Chicago Nov. 11 to 21.

THE faith cure evangelist, Maria B. Woodworth, is holding forth in the city park at Topeka, Kansas, and making a hit.

ED. WELCH now has full charge of the Macon *Times*, Mark Bennett having retired from the arduous duties because of ill health.

TO-DAY marriage licenses were granted William T. Travis and Miss Anna Gries, and Louis H. Borchert and Miss Mary Powers, all of Decatur.

THE town of Pawnee, in Sangamon county, had a $20,000 fire on Sunday. J. M. Stark, C. E. Clayton, Dr. Johnson and V. Mayberry are the principal losers.

THE annual meeting of the Illinois Grand Lodge of Good Templars will be held in Decatur Sept. 8 to 10 inclusive. A great gathering of temperance workers is expected.

GOOD enough! Two Decatur horses took purses at the races—*Jack* Sheppard and Mollie C. Hereafter Sheppard will not be allowed to go in a race except on a mile track.

IN August F. H. Hall will take possession of the *Telegraph-Courier*, a weekly paper, published at Kenosha, Wis. Mr. Hall will retain his interest in the Chicago job printing house.

THE market quotations by the Shellabarger Mill and Elevator Company were as follows to-day: Wheat, 88c; white corn, 60c; mixed corn, 55c; white oats, 25c; mixed oats, 25c; rye, 85.

There will be a band contest at Clinton during the State firemen's tournament at that city, August 4, 5 and 6. Goodman's Band may enter. If it does first money will come to Decatur sure.

J. G. SHEA, of Decatur, has been awarded the contract for paving the streets of Mattoon. The contract aggregates $17,000 at $1.98 per square yard. Decatur brick will be used for the upper course.

THE Macon County Teacher's Institute will begin at the Decatur High School building Monday, August 17, Supt. J. N. Donahey in charge. The instructors will be E. A. Gastman, J. H. Coonradt, T. L. Evans and F. C. Wilson.

AYER'S Hair Vigor has long held the first place, as a hair-dressing, in the estimation of the public. Ladies find that this preparation gives a beautiful gloss to the hair, and gentlemen use it to prevent baldness and cure humors in the scalp.

ON Friday Chet Washam, of Prairie Hall, Macon county, started on a long journey on his Ordinary wheel. He is on his way to Pipestone, Minn., a distance of over 500 miles, and will ride all the way. He has made several long journeys in the same manner, going to Kansas City, to Little Rock and Cincinnati.

THE separation of Mr. and Mrs. Giles R. Warren is announced, Mrs. Warren having filed a bill in Chicago for a divorce. Mrs. Warren is now in Decatur, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Lower. Mr. Warren is in Chicago. Alleged fracture of the marriage vows is the cause of the separation. There will be a contest in the courts.

Ice Cream Festival.

There will be an Ice Cream Festival at Wm. Schroll's, two miles west of Forsyth, on Wednesday, July 22. All are invited.

DO NOT make a purchase of any windmill until after you examine the Bird, at the Spencer & Lehman Co. feb26wtf

THE COUNTY BOARD.

Regular July Meeting at the Court House.

From Monday's Daily.

The regular July meeting of the Macon County Board of Supervisors was held in the circuit court room this afternoon, Hon. C. H. Garver in the chair and all members present.

The bid of the Decatur Coal Company to furnish the county with coal at $1.65 per ton on Green's Switch for the poor house; at $2.00 and at $1.75 for the court house and jail, and $1.40 per ton for double screened nut coal, was accepted.

A number of claims presented were audited and ordered paid.

TAXES EQUALIZED.

The report of the committee as to the equalization of taxes on lands in the county was adopted, as follows:

	Assessed value.	Equalized
Austin	$ 14 28	$ 14.55
Blue Mound	15 00	15.45
Friend's Creek	12 29	14.13
Harristown	15 00	14.70
Hickory	15.33	15 48
Illini	17.00	16.97
Long Creek	14.22	14.79
Maroa	17 27	15.72
Milam	14 43	14 57
Mt. Zion	16 25	15.44
Niantic	15.00	15 30
Oakley	15.85	14.09
Pleasant View	15.70	15.39
Macon	14.13	15.40
Wheatland	14.53	15 21
Whitmore	13.13	14.71
Decatur township	21.31	21.31
Decatur City	422.60	422.60

LOTS.

The board adopted the following report also the equalized assessed value of lots in the county and in Decatur township outside of the city:

	Assessed value.	Equalized.
Blue Mound	$ 38.43	$ 73.05
Decatur township	53.95	54 02
Friend's Creek	71.00	71.00
Harristown	39.42	74.72
Hickory	46.71	72.40
Illini	69 76	72 91
Long Creek	40.72	65.26
Macon	175.23	195.47
Mt. Zion	147.20	147.20
Niantic	71.00	71.00
Oakley	47.00	70.50
Pleasant View	117.80	76.55
Macon	40.30	74.06
Wheatland	39 45	74.76
Whitmore	39.00	74.88
City of Decatur	No change.	

Sudden Death in the East.

From Saturday's Daily.

Mrs. Susan Crane, wife of Elmer E. Crane, of 833 East Wood street, this city, died suddenly of heart disease this morning, at the home of her invalid sister at Bayonne, New Jersey. Mrs. Crane had gone to New Jersey a month ago to attend her sister, and while at her bed-side was prostrated with heart disease from which attack she died. Mr. Crane is a carpenter in the Wabash shops, this city, and was called east to attend his wife. The deceased leaves several grown children to mourn her sudden death.

The Oakley Convention.

An all-day's session of the Oakley township Sunday school was held in Durham's Grove, near Oakley Sunday. The address of welcome was delivered by the Rev. J. H. Crowder, of Bethany, and was responded to by John Ritchie. W. C. Outten, of Decatur, discussed "How Can We Interest Young Men in Sunday School Work?" E. B. Smith talked on the Sunday school lesson for July 12 and Rev. J. H. Crowder gave an address on "The Spirit's Influence in Teaching the Word of God."

Found in the River.

From Monday's Daily.

Coroner Bendure was called upon this morning to take charge of the remains of an infant child dressed in a slip, which was found floating in the Sangamon river below the St. Louis bridge at 8 a. m. to-day by Peter Colline The body was brought to Undertaker Bullard's office where the inquest was held this afternoon, the jury returning a verdict that the child was found in the river and came to its death in some manner unknown. Possibly close inquiry by the officials may reveal the author of the crime.

Held to Answer.

Henry Howells and Alice Mann, who were on trial before Justice Fleck at La Place, on Saturday, charged with adultery, were held by the 'Squire in bonds of $200 for the man and $100 for the woman, to answer at the next term of the Piatt county circuit court. Attorney D. C. Corley was counsel for the defendants. Howells has been known as a preacher and revival evangelist.

Will Meet at Mt. Vernon.

Capt. John W. Hartley, secretary of the state association, announces that the annual reunion of the Illinois Mexican War Veterans' Association will be held at Mt. Vernon on August 12th and 13th. All members should make a note of the dates and place.

Put Off a Week.

The trial of Henry S. Culp, of Illini township, for making the alleged criminal assault on Bessie Piper, has been continued until Monday, July 20, in Justice Hammer's court. The postponement was by agreement of all parties concerned.

Entered.

D. W Brenneman & Bro., of this city, have three colts entered for the $300 stake at Peoria this afternoon. They are Luckless by Stoner Boy, Loanne by Anderson Wilkes, and Malapert by Red Wilkes.

LOWELL carpets, bodies and ingrains the handsomest and best in the United States, received direct from the mills by Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Company.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE ELECTION BOOTHS.

They Will Cost the County $9.00 Each for Every 100 Votes.

Before the board of supervisors adjourned to the regular September term last evening Supervisors Parker, of Maroa, Roberts, of Illini, and May, of Decatur, were appointed a special committee with power to act with County Clerk Hardy in the matter of purchasing regulation election booths to be used at the spring election in 1892, under the newly adopted Australian election law now in force in Illinois. It is figured that it will take about forty booths to supply Decatur township alone, the total cost of which will be $360 at $9 each. The booths are to have three sides, 3½ feet wide at the side and 7 feet high. Here is the section in reference to the booths and regulations of voting taken from the law:

SECTION 21. All officers upon whom is imposed by law the duty of designing or providing polling places shall provide in each polling place so designated or provided a sufficient number of booths, which shall be provided with such supplies and conveniences, including shelves, pens, penholders, ink, blotters and pencils, as will enable the voter to prepare his ballot for voting, and in which voters may prepare their ballots, screened from all observation as to the manner in which they do so; and a guard rail shall be so constructed and placed that only such persons as are inside said rail can approach within six feet of the ballot box and of such voting booths. The arrangements shall be such that voting booths can only be reached by passing within said guard rail. They shall be within plain view of the election officers, and both they and the ballot boxes shall be within plain view of those outside the guard rail. Each of said booths shall have three sides enclosed, one side in front, to open and shut by a door swinging outward, or to be closed with a curtain. Each side of each booth shall be seven feet high, and the door or curtain shall extend to within two feet of the floor, which shall be closed while the voter is preparing his ballot; and such booths shall be well lighted. Each booth shall at least be three feet square, and shall contain a shelf contain a shelf at least one foot wide, at a convenient height for writing. No person other than the election officers and the challengers allowed by law, and those admitted for the purpose of voting as heretofore provided, shall be permitted within the guard rail, except by authority of the election officers to keep order and enforce the law. The number of such voting booths shall not be less than one to every 100 voters who voted at the last preceding election in the district. The expense of providing booths and guard rails and other things required in this act shall be paid in the same manner as other election expenses.

In the spring of 1892 township officers constables and justices of the peace are to be elected. It was expected that one of the regulation booths would be in Decatur this week for the inspection of the board of supervisors, but it failed to arrive. The first booths will be used in Macon county at the special election to be held in Maroa next week.

Flax Hand-Spun in 1741.

There is to-day a highly prized relic in the family of Manager W. L. Ferguson, of the Citizens' electric street railway line. It is a well-preserved specimen of hand-spun flax, pig-tail shape, 150 years old, the work of the grandmother of the widow, Mrs. Leah Imboden, mother of Mrs. Ferguson, who, feeling that she had kept the flax long enough, presented it to her grand-daughter, Miss Gussie Ferguson. It is not known exactly where the great-great-grandmother of Miss Gussie spun the flax, but it was either in Germany or at Annville, Pa., where the ancestors of the Imboden family lived in 1741. The flax is in a fine state of preservation, and being hand work, is of excellent character.

Sunday Fire at Oakley.

The $1,200 dwelling house of James Burley, father of Supervisor W. C. Burley, located near Oakley, was totally destroyed by fire Sunday afternoon between 4 and 5 o'clock. The dwelling took fire from a defective flue It was occupied by Mr. Burley and his son, T. J. Burley. The latter saved most of his household effects while the old gentleman had nearly everything destroyed, including a pen written history of the Revolutionary War in three volumes which he prized very highly. Insurance on house $800 and $100 on contents in the Home, of New York. A. J. Burley had $200 insurance in the Aetna, of New York, on his furniture.

Death of an Infant.

From Monday's Daily.

Lillie Feitner, the infant daughter of Valentine Feitner, died of cholera infantum this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock at the family residence, No. 243 South Franklin street, aged 7 months and 10 days. The child's mother, Minnie Ebert Feitner, died Dec. 11, 1890, eight days after the birth of her child, and now mother and daughter are together in the other world, while the father and the uncles, Henry and Leo Ebert, are left to mourn the death of those gone before.

Meeting of Farmers.

An all-day meeting of the farmers of Oakley and other townships will be held at Durham's Grove, 2½ miles northwest of Oakley, on Saturday, August 15th. Hon. W. W. Jones, of Normal, and others will address the meeting.

Don't Scrub the Nap

Off of your fine Moquette, Axminster or Brussells carpets with a poor or worn out sweeper. It is good economy to get a "Victoria" and save your carpets and furniture from further injury. For sale by Lytle & Eckels Hardware Co. d&wtf

GOSPEL TEMPERANCE DAY.

The Sabbath at the National Prohibition Camp-Meeting—Addresses and Music.

From Monday's Daily.

Manager Smith says that Sunday was one of the biggest first Sundays in point of attendance and interest in the history of the eight National Prohibition camp meetings which have been held regularly at Oakland Park. There were three services held on the Sabbath, and each was largely attended, particularly in the afternoon and night. There were probably 6,000 people in the park during the day.

At 10:30 a. m. Miss Hawkins gave a solo, and there was music by the Jingler quartet. Rev. H. H. Emmett delivered a gospel sermon; there were several encored songs led by H. B. Montgomery and by the Jinglers, and a solo by Miss Hawkins; also an address by Judge P. A. Burdick, of New York, giving in part the experience of a man from a lawyer's office to the platform. Rev. Emmett followed with a brief address. At night there was more fine singing and Rev. Emmett gave his address on "Somebody's Business," which dealt with the education of children in temperance and the abolition of the liquor traffic. Mr. Burdick made a prohibition talk.

THE INDIAN.

In his address Saturday night on the North American Indian, Rev. H. H. Emmett made many interesting statements. The gentlemen is a full-blooded Indian of the Abnekis tribe, originally from the northern part of the state of Maine, now located in the vicinity of Green Bay, Wis., and near Quebec, Canada. Emmett is the son of an Indian chief. Up to the time he was 12 years of age he made his home in a wigwam. Being unusually bright he was sent away to school, and now at the age of 36 years he is a thoroughly educated man, a minister of the gospel, and the pastor of the Baptist church at Conneaut, Ohio. Discussing the Indian problem, Rev. Emmett said there are now 256,000 Indians in the United States, 183,000 of whom are civilized and wear clothes like the Caucasians; and there are 138,000 Indians in Canada. His plan of settling the problem is to give each Indian family a patent to 160 acres of land to run for 30 years; said Indians to have all rights of citizenship under the laws of the country; and the uncivilized (73,000) he would put under military control, not political, and as rapidly as the Indians became civilized he would place them among the civilized, giving them all rights to sue and be sued. Do this and the Indian problem will solve itself, said the speaker. In an interview Rev. Emmett said that the records show that during the past forty years the Indian wars have cost the United States $200,000, while in Canada during the same period of time there has not been a cent expended for such purpose, simply because Canada has kept promises made to the Indians and the American government has not kept its pledges. Rev. Emmett believes that the government at Washington desires to do the right thing by the Indians. The cause of the trouble and injustice lies largely with the Indian agent and the people on the frontier. While the reporter was in conversation with the Indian orator he was engaged in writing his name in an autograph album at the request of a young lady.

From Wednesday's Daily

There was a large and very enthusiastic audience at Oakland Park last night, and the most enjoyable musical program of the meeting was presented. The Jinglers' quartet gave two new songs, "Fly Away, Angels," and "That's What Tickles Me So." Miss Kate Hawkins gave a fine soprano solo, "The Huntsman's Horn," which was heartily encored and responded to with another solo. Mrs. Ella Boole then discussed "The Representative Voters" in a forcible but good-natured and pleasant manner, which was frequently interrupted by applause. At the close Miss Louisa Waddy, the new contralto of the Jinglers, led a jubilee song, which was followed by the imitation of the calliope.

There were several arrivals, among whom were Mrs. Geo. Harrington, who plays the violin; Mrs. Bigelow, of Rockford, and her daughter, Rose, a larger gold medal contestant.

WEDNESDAY FORENOON.

The children's meeting this morning was the best of the year. The program was as follows:

Prayer.
Song by the children, led by organ and violin.
Address by Miss Honor Hubbard, of Berea College, Kentucky.
Recitation by Willard Shea.
Song by Pansy Richinger.
Address on work of the "Band of Mercy" by Mrs. Carlock.
Duet by Nellie Ackerman and Jessie Morgan.
Recitation by A. Flint Collins.
Address by Miss Lucy Gaston, superintendent of State L. T. L.
Grand march by the children.

At 10:30 Mrs. Harrington, of Lincoln, conducted devotional exercises, and Mrs. Josephine Crawford, of Decatur, delivered a well-prepared and thoughtful address. "The Outlook of the W. C. T. U." was discussed by Mrs. Brown, Mrs Harrington, Miss Mary Gregory, Mrs. C. M. Ritchie, of Warrensburg, Mrs. Henderson, of Bloomington, Miss Margaret Crissey, Mrs. Boardman, of Massachusetts, and Mrs. Crary, of Warrensburg.

This afternoon Mrs. Boole, Rev. Sophie Gibb and Miss Crissey were the speakers.

Closing Day National Prohibition Camp-Meeting.

A grand program has been arranged for the closing day (Sunday) of the great camp-meeting now in progress at Oakland Park. Song service at 10:30 by the Jingler Concert Company and a fine choir and orchestra; sermon by Rev. J. H. Hector, the black knight of California; song services afternoon and evening, and addresses by Dr. Evans, President of Hedding College, Rev. Hector and others.

Death at Blue Mound.

Died, at the family residence, one and one-half miles southwest of Blue Mound, at 6 o'clock p. m., Monday, July 13th, Elmina Kreidler, wife of Conrad Kreidler, aged 60 years, 6 months and 29 days. The immediate cause of death was blood poisoning, starting from a small sore in one of her toes. She was in usual health on Monday, July 6, doing the washing for the family that day, but on the next day she complained considerably of pain in her toe. The day following she was confined to her bed and from that time on suffered untold agony until death. Deceased leaves a husband, three sons and one daughter. Two sons, Henry and Thomas, live in Decatur, and Percy in Chicago. All of them are married. The daughter, Mary, unmarried, and Lizzie Machiels, an adopted child, are all that remain at home with the bereft husband.

The Kriedlers have lived near Blue Mound upwards of twenty years, are good citizens in good circumstances, known and respected by a wide circle of friends and acquaintances, many of whom reside in Decatur.

Close of the Colored Camp Meeting.

The African Methodist camp meeting which has been in progress at Riverside Park since July 2d, in charge of the gifted pastor of the Decatur church, Rev. J. S. Woods, came to a close Sunday evening with a fine song service led by the Kentucky Jubilee Singers.

In the morning Rev. H. DePugh, of Litchfield, conducted the opening exercises, and Rev. W. D. Johnson, of Georgia, delivered an earnest and effective sermon. The afternoon song service was led by Rev. Woods, followed by a powerful sermon by Bishop H. M. Turner. The attendance throughout the day was quite large, but there was a disposition on the part of many to wander aimlessly over the grounds, which conduct the Bishop took occasion to condemn in pointed language. During the day there were several thousand people at the park. There were special trains in from Terre Haute and Peoria, and intermediate points. On the river side there was boating and the horse merry-go-round was in motion.

The Court House.

EDS. REPUBLICAN: I am told the managers of the new court house are only going to excavate 40x100 feet and leave the 60x100 as it is. If this is true who is so green and verdant as not to know that the joists where it is not excavated will rot out in 10 or 15 years. Now as we are building a very cheap court house for such a county as old Macon, let it be done right; no stinginess in so important a matter as referred to above. Will the county fathers see to it and let the excavation be under all the building.

July 11. YOURS, IRA B. CURTIS.

A Broken Nose.

From Saturday's Daily

Dr. W. M. Catto was called to the residence of J. E. Braden, near Boiradale to-day, on professional business. W. R. Dickerson, an employe, had been kicked in the face by a horse and had suffered the fracture of his nose.

Arrival of Stone.

The delivery of the handsome blue Amherst stone for the new court house began to-day. Quite a number of blocks have been unloaded on the west side of Water street south of Wood street.

PATRICK BURNS, for 30 years a farmer, leaving a widow and five children and a large farm, dropped dead in Logan County on Friday. He was a native of County Limerick, Ireland.

FAST COLOR American Challies, only 3½c a yard, at the great clearing sale of Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co.

DIED

On July 11, at 769 East Wood street, of consumption, Joseph, son of Mr. and Mrs. Rinehart Leinbacher, aged 1 year, 6 months and 25 days.

DEATH OF DR. CHOUTEAU.

Twenty-Seven Years a Practicing Physician Near Blue Mound.

Dr. Gerard Chouteau, aged 65 years, died at his residence two miles north of Blue Mound at 2 o'clock p. m. July 14. The deceased came to Blue Mound in 1864, a refugee from Alabama, and engaged in the practice of medicine, which he followed up to the time of his taking sick three and a half years ago, having an extensive practice in the German settlement in the country between Blue Mound and Boody. The funeral took place this afternoon from the house, Rev. Bankson officiating. The remains were interred at the Waltz cemetery by Blue Mound Lodge 595, I. O. O. F., of which lodge deceased was a member.

The Peoria Races.

From Wednesday's Daily.

The July meeting of the Illinois Trotting Circuit began at Peoria yesterday and will last four days. There are 200 horses and several are good ones. The attendance was good for a first day. There were three events. The track was heavy from the rain, but the day was magnificent. The judges are Del Studer and W. A. Searle, of Peoria, and J. R. Head, of Brownsville, Tenn. Times, J. B. Barnes and James Selby. Starter, ex-Mayor Warner.

First race, 3-year-olds and under, pace, purse $300:

Rableta	4	1	1	1
Allens	1	3	3	2
Fred K	3	4	2	3
Fanny Rush	2	2	4	4

Time—2:31½, 2:29, 2:31½ and 2:28¼.

Second race, 2:24 class, trotting, purse $300:

Thalberg	1	6	2	1
Fantasia	6	3	1	3
Lou Sprague	4	1	7	6
Prince McMahon	3	2	5	2

Time—2:25, 2:28½, 2:26½ 2:28¾ and 2:27¾.

Third race, 2.34 class, trotting, purse $600.

Jurror	2	1	1	5
Lady K	1	2	2	2
Joe	3	3	3	3
Henry Arnold	4	4	4	4

Time—2:32½, 2:29½, 2:31¾ and 2:32¾.

The Circuit Court.

From Wednesday's Daily.

The adjourned session of the June term of the Macon county circuit court will be continued to-morrow at the court house by Judge Vail, when the arguments for and against the appointment of a receiver for the Illinois property of the Indianapolis, Decatur & Western Railway Company, will be heard. Attorney Crawford jr., of Chicago, entered the motion for the appointment of a receiver in the interest of the bond holders. He will be present, as will also several New York lawyers. Other business will also receive attention.

Since the above was written it is learned that in the I., D. & W. receiver case the attorneys have agreed to a postponement of the argument until Monday, to which day court will be adjourned. Judge Vail will enter a number of orders to-morrow.

Emil Sturm, Decatur, is Colonel.

A number of Uniform Rank Knights of Pythias were met at the depot in Clinton yesterday by the band and escorted to the castle hall of the Plantagenet lodge, where a convention was held last evening to elect a colonel of the 4th regiment in place of F. J. Maxwell, of Bloomington, resigned. A number of prominent knights were present from Springfield, Champaign, Decatur, Farmer City, Washington and other points. Emil Sturm, of Decatur, was chosen colonel; Moses Eppstein, of Farmer City, was made major, and Fred Magill, of Clinton, quartermaster. A splendid banquet was spread at the Magill house.

Miners Want to Compromise.

The miners of Spring Valley, who have been out on a strike since May 25, offered to resume work yesterday on condition that the gross weight system of weighing coal be adopted with semi-monthly pay-days. The adoption of this system of weighing removes the cause of the strike. This proposition has been submitted to W. L. Scott, president of the coal company, and his approval of it will result in a resumption of coal-mining. The company, in company with nearly all mining corporations, will resist the weekly pay law.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Shaffer, on Sunday, July 12, a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Reaston, on July 3, a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Towling, July 14, at 7 a. m., a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Krause, of 607 Railroad, on Friday, July 10—a daughter

Mrs. C. Ruehl has departed for Storm Lake, Iowa, where she will visit her son, Ernest.

...Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

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NEXT TWO WEEKS

To Close Out All Summer Goods,

THE

NEW STORE,

Next to Millikin's Bank,

Will offer Bargains that Cannot be Duplicated by any House in Decatur.

25 Doz. Misses Striped Hose, worth 15c per pair, for 5c.
60 " Ladies' Fancy Striped Hose Now 5c per pair.
50 " Gents' Half Hose, 5c per pair.
60 " Gents' Half Hose, 8⅓c per pair.
15 Pieces Russian Plaid Serge, 36 inches wide, worth 15c per yard, for 8½c.
1,000 yards Colonial Cloth, worth 12½c, for 7½c per yard.
1,000 " French Sateen, worth 25c, for 10c " "
2,000 " 36-inch Brown Muslin, 4c per yard.
40 pieces Good Shirting Check, worth 8⅓c, for 5c per yard.

S. HUMPHREYS.

First Door North of Millikin's Bank.

E. G. ALLEN & BRO.,

136 to 144 East Wood Street,

LEADING DECATUR DEALERS IN

Carriages and Buggies

Phætons, Road Wagons,

AND

A FULL LINE OF VEHICLES.

Everything

IN THE

FARMING IMPLEMENT LINE.

No Advance in Prices,
Finest Display in the City.

You are cordially invited to inspect our goods.

E. G. ALLEN & BRO.

TAR-OID

A POSITIVE CURE FOR

PILES, SALT RHEUM, ECZEMA and all DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

Wounds, Burns, Sores, Ulcers, Croup, Bronchitis, Etc,

TAR-OID Co., 73 Randolph St., Chicago
Gentlemen:—You have the most wonderful remedy in the world. My wife was almost an invalid with piles for more than a year. I employed the best doctors, and she tried many remedies that were recommended, yet nothing seemed to do any good. She finally tried *Tar-Oid*, and in *less* than *one week* she was cured.
My son had a running sore on his leg, nearly the size of a man's hand, caused by a bad brake. For eight months the doctors treated it, and it got worse instead of well. At last we tried *Tar-Oid* on it. In a few days it began to heal, and in six weeks his leg was well and sound.
I cannot say enough for Tar-Oid. You may refer any one to us at our home, 730 N. Paulina St., or at the store of J. B. Lapham, wholesale leather findings, 214 Lake St. Yours gratefully
Chicago, Ill., JOHN GILDEMEISTER, Salesman.

TAR-OID SHOULD BE IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD

Sold by all druggists at 50 cents per box. Send 3 two-cent stamps for free sample box and book.

TAR-OID COMPANY, Chicago.
For Sale by S. M. IRWIN, Druggist.

A Silly Statement.

There are some Democratic papers that we have a right to expect will exercise a little common sense in matters pertaining to the tariff while there are others of which it would be folly to expect a lucid moment when considering a matter of political economy. The latter are usually so-called independent Democratic papers. In this *class* it is *safe* to put the St. Louis *Post-Dispatch*. Those who read it will bear us out in the statement that a sensible article on the tariff is a rare thing in its columns. A few days ago it outdid itself when it attempted an argument against the sugar bounty. It states that the western wheat farmer is as much entitled to a bounty on wheat as the sugar raiser of Louisiana.

If it were true that the sugar bounty is paid for the benefit of the Louisiana sugar raisers alone and the Louisiana sugar raisers produced sugar enough to supply the demand of the consumers of this country, as the wheat raiser produces wheat enough to supply the demands of the consumer, there would be some sense in the *Post-Dispatch's* statement, but as this is not true as to the Louisiana sugar raiser, it is the merest rot.

It will be remembered that the Democrats in Congress and that the Democratic press at the time the McKinley committee on Ways and Means first proposed to make sugar free raised a great clamor about the Republicans arranging a sectional bill which proposed to take the tariff off sugar because the Louisiana planters were Democrats. That they meant what they said is shown by the fact that the Mills bill proposed to keep a heavy duty on sugar because the Louisiana planters were Democrats.

We only produce about one-eighth of the sugar we consume, which is so small a part of the aggregate that it does not amount to competition, and consequently the duty was a revenue duty, and of course operated as a tax on the consumer. For this reason the Republicans, who are opposed to revenue duties, because they amount to a tax, and favor a protective duty on such articles as we can produce in competing quantities, because competing production reduces the price of the article to the minimum and gives employment to our own laborers.

This sugar bounty was not provided for the benefit of the Louisiana sugar producer, but was arranged for in the McKinley bill because of the success France and Germany, under a direct bounty, has had in developing the sugar beet industry. The farmers of Kansas, Nebraska, California and some other states argued before McKinley's committee that with some protection they could in time produce beet sugar from beets in sufficient quantities to supply the demand in this country, and for that reason the sugar bounty clause was enacted. If wheat raising were in the same condition that sugar raising is there is no doubt under such circumstances a bounty would have been provided for wheat raisers. The Republican party seeks to put, if possible, sugar raising up to the point of supplying this market with sugar as the wheat raiser now supplies it with wheat.

McClure and Nicolay.

In the controversy which has followed the statement of A. K. McClure, of Philadelphia, to the effect that President Lincoln desired the nomination of Andrew Johnson for Vice President in 1864 rather than Hannibal Hamlin, for diplomatic reasons, McClure gets decidedly the worst of it. His claim that Mr. Lincoln privately called him to Washington and made known his wishes as to Johnson is answered by John J. Nicolay, Lincoln's private secretary, in part as follows:

Of other Pennsylvania delegates William W. Ketchum was one of the Vice-Presidents of the convention. E McPherson was on the Committee on Credentials, A. H. Reeder on the Committee on Organization, M B. Lowrey on the Committee on Resolutions, S. F. Wilson on the Committee on Rules and Order of Business, S. A. Purviance on the National Committee, while Gen Simon Cameron held the leading and important post as Chairman of the Pennsylvania delegation. So again among those who made motions and speeches were Cameron, Thaddeus Stevens, A. H. Reeder, C A. Walbern, Galusha A. Grow and M. B. Lowrey. But beyond the presentation of the routine report I have mentioned your name did not give forth the squeak of the smallest mouse. Is it probable that Lincoln among all these men would have called you alone to receive his secret instructions?

Mr. Nicolay then produces a letter from McClure to Lincoln in which that gentleman assures Lincoln the reports that he is not loyal to Lincoln are not true. Mr. Nicolay assumes with good reason that a man who in 1864 had to write a letter to assure the President of his loyalty to him is not the sort of man Lincoln would made a confidant of.

The Greatest Strike.

Among the great strikes that of Dr. Miles in discovering his New Heart Cure, has proven itself to be one of the most important. The demand for it has become astonishing. Already the treatment of heart disease is being revolutionized, and many unexpected cures effected. It soon relieves short breath, fluttering, pains in side, arm, shoulder, weak and hungry spells, oppression, swelling of ankles, smothering and heart dropsy. Dr. Miles' book on Heart and Nervous Diseases, free. The unequaled New Heart Cure is sold and guaranteed by W. C. Armstrong; also his Restorative Nervine for headaches, fits, sprees, hot flashes, nervous chills, opium habit, etc.

FAST COLOR American Challies, only 3½c a yard, at the great closing sale of Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co.

WOOD PUMPS, Chain Pumps, Iron Force Pumps, for sale at Spencer & Lehman's. nov5-d&wtf

Advertising a City.

Enthusing over the result of the Fourth of July celebration held in that city the Bloomington *Pantagraph* sounds the loud timbrel as follows:

A COLOSSAL ADVERTISING CARD.

The fact that Mr. W. S. Parkerson, of New Orleans, delivered a speech in this city on the Fourth of July was published in the newspapers all over the country and in a large number of the metropolitan newspapers his speech was printed. A great many published it in full and others used copious extracts. It was regarded as a great speech and in it are found new ideas and valuable suggestions. When it is considered that Bloomington has been published and discussed in connection with Mr. Parkerson's speech all over this land all will readily see that this has afforded a large amount of advertising for our city.

Just so. The Fourth of July churches and other sacred things can be used in assembling dollars and cents and that Bloomington has taken advantage of the Fourth for that purpose is practically confessed in the above paragraph. But then Bloomington has had a vast amount of advertising in the shape of office holders, both State and National, and the fact that she felt it necessary to import a man from New Orleans who became notorious through leading a mob, indicates that the amount of advertising Bloomington has received by way of the public office bill-board has not done that city much good. Decatur jogs along in pretty good shape without resorting to any of these methods to boom it.

HON. WILLIAM B. MOORE, who represented the Tenth Tennessee District in the Forty Sixth Congress, and who resides in Memphis, speaking of Presidential possibilities says:

If the election were to come to-day Mr Blaine, I think, would be the unanimous choice of the Republicans in the Southern States Not that the Republicans dislike Harrison On the contrary, all the Republicans there, so far as I know, say that Harrison is a pure man, an able man, and has given a good, clean administration: but simply because he does not seem to enthuse the people as Mr Blaine does

As far as I am concerned I have no idea that Mr Blaine will be a candidate I don't know that his health will admit of it I do not think he will consent to do it. Mr. Blaine's reputation is such that it cannot be enhanced by his holding the office of President and if he was President for awhile he might not close his term of office as popular as he commenced it.

My own impression is that we ought to keep an eye on McKinley. He ought to be elected Governor of Ohio by a large majority and then he would be an exceedingly formidable candidate for the Republican presidential nomination, in my opinion. He has that which Blaine has—personal magnetism developed to a large extent Mr McKinley is a very fascinating gentleman in his private relations, a very pure man; everybody knows he is a very able man, and the McKinley bill, which I think was an exceedingly wise one, will put him in the very front rank of statesmen

Chicago Inter-Ocean: "Had our Southern Alliance power we would abrogate all pensions. The war was over more than twenty-five years ago and our Southern people won't stand that swindle any longer," says L F. Livingston, President of the Georgia Farmers' Alliance. We have several times remarked that the Southern Alliance was only another name for the Bourbon Democrats who are trying to induce the farmers of the West to start a third party, while the Southern Alliance remains true to its old love, Democracy. The old soldiers in Kansas and Iowa will do well to remember Mr. Livingstone's words when he invites them to start a third party.

PHILADELPHIA *Inquirer* Another tinplate lie has come to grief. A Democratic newspaper asserted some time ago that Richardson & Dobbins, of Dover, Del., would can no peaches this year on account of the increased cost of tin cans. Mr. Richardson says that if the firm were to pack their usual quantity of fruit this year the increased cost of tin would amount to only $1,300, while their saving on sugar would be $3,000. As the firm does a very extensive business in packing fruit, it can readily be estimated how slight is the increased expense for tin to the small packing houses.

BLOOMINGTON *Pantagraph*. Ex-Governor William D. Hoard, of Wisconsin, has become the editor of the agricultural department of the *Inter-Ocean*. The Governor is a hustler in the agricultural line, having been for many years editor of *Hoard's Dairyman*, one of the most widely circulated farm journals of Wisconsin, and will no doubt prove a valuable man on the *Inter-Ocean*

Two of the New Orleans jury bribers have been sent to the penitentiary. Sentence upon them had been suspended pending an opinion from the court as to whether a tales juror is a juror within the meaning of the statutes. Judge Fenner decided he is and two of the convicted bribers were sent to the penitentiary.

If blood has anything to do with it President Harrison proposes the army shall have the benefit of it in his appointments of cadets to West Point. He has appointed a grand son of Ben Wade, a grandson of General Sherman, a son of General Baldy Smith and a son of Commodore Ramsey to that school.

A MILLION dollar fire means the destruction of a large amount of property and Cincinnati has suffered such a loss by fire. Among those who suffered most severely were M. Steinert & Sons who lost over two hundred costly pianos which were stored in their warerooms.

THE *New England Homestead*, the leading agricultural paper of that section, says the farmers of New England and New York do not endorse the people's party for the reason that they see no good that can come to the farmers from the principles it advocates.

SATURDAY over one hundred Epworth League members will sail in the Etruria for Europe. They go as pilgrims to visit the tomb of John Wesley and also the old home of the Wesley's at Epworth.



Shut the door against disease. Danger comes oftenest through impure blood. Keep your blood in order, and you keep in health. For this, nothing equals Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It invigorates the liver, purifies and enriches the blood, and rouses every organ into healthy action. By this means it cures. Every part of the system feels its saving influence. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Scrofulous, Skin and Scalp Diseases—even Consumption (or Lung-scrofula) in its earlier stages, all yield to it. It's the only Liver, Blood and Lung Remedy that's *guaranteed* to benefit or cure, or the money is refunded. Trying terms to sell on—but it's a medicine that can carry them out.

"Golden Medical Discovery" contains no alcohol to inebriate, and no syrup or sugar to derange digestion.

It's a concentrated vegetable extract; put up in large bottles; pleasant to the taste, and equally good for adults or children.

IVERS & POND PIANOS

IT IS HIGH TIME that you set that child to work at the piano, if you are ever going to—not at hard, irksome practice like a professional, but say a half-hour every day to begin with. And so that the child shall voluntarily increase the practice time, you should provide a new piano, and a good one too. No, the old one you have is not fit. We will take it in exchange and sell it to some one who cannot afford a new one. Children will not injure a new Ivers & Pond, for their patent SOFT-STOP saves the wear and *bang-bang* of practice.

S. M. LUTZ,

104 Prairie St., Decatur, Ill

D. L. BUNN. EDWIN PARK.

BUNN & PARK,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

OFFICE—Front rooms over Decatur National Bank, Decatur, Ill.

Sale of Real Estate and Loans negotiated and Real Estate bought and sold.

THE GREAT CLEARING SALE!

It is still going on and the people are taking advantage of their opportunity. The prices on Ladies' Oxfords take the wind out of all prices quoted for a like quality of goods. Our prices are in no instance higher than the net wholesale figure, and in many instances the retail price we quote you is less than the cost of manufacture. Our Ladies' Dongola Button Kid Shoe at

$1.00 Per Pair

is a hummer. We are not going to carry any of these summer goods over the hot weather and that's the reason for the prices we make. Better buy now while you can get the pick of a large stock.

FERRISS & LAPHAM

Shoe Store,

148 East Main St., Decatur, Ill.

GRAND SALE

OF

FURNITURE and BABY CARRIAGES

Big Discount on Everything in our line to make room for the change. Everything must go.

BACHMAN BROS.,

Largest Furniture House in the City, East Main Street,

SIGN OF BIG ELEPHANT.

GOODS SOLD ON WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

HOT ✻ WEATHER CLOTHING!

Neglige Shirts.
Flannel Coats and Vests.
Mohair Coats and Vests.
Lustre Coats and Vests.
Drap Dete Coats and vests.
BOYS' WAISTS.
Boys' Knee Pants.
Fancy Marseilles and White Vests.
Leight-Weight Trousers.
STRAW HATS.
Summer Underwear.

FULL ASSORTMENT. PRICES RIGHT

THE B. STINE CLOTHING CO.,
Decatur. Illinois.

DIAMONDS!

Lowest Priced House in Decatur for FINE DIAMONDS.

Our greatest desire is that the qualities should be right, (and they are.)

No one should purchase before examining the Special Values we offer in SOLITAIRE, EAR-DROPS, LACE-PINS, STUDS and FINGER RINGS.

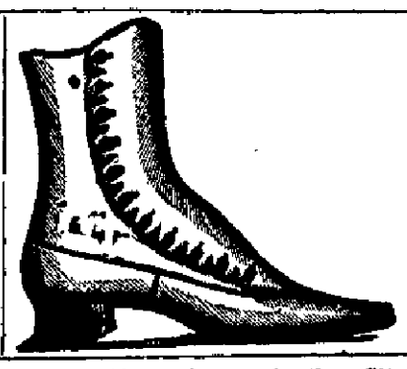
Diamonds Handsomely Re-Set on Short Notice.

MONEY CAN BE SAVED

And Finer Qualities obtained by Purchasing of

W. R. ABBOTT & Co.

+SELLS AT SIGHT.+

$1.45.  $1.45.

The Best and Finest Shoe shown in the City for the Money.
A Full Line of Ladies' and Gents' Tennis and Bicycle Shoes.

W. F. BUSHER

LOCAL NEWS.

THE Decatur trotting horse, "Review," the property of R. E. Pratt, is at the Kankakee kite track stables in training.

THE first votes ever cast by the ladies of Ramsey, Ill., were cast yesterday on a proposition to borrow money to build a school house.

THE Lemen Brothers had to pay the McNulty boy $75 for injuries received by the fall from the show wagon at Lincoln on Wednesday. The father of the boy attached the whole show for $400, but $75 settled the case.

IT is a fact that one lady who attended the races all week appeared in a complete change of costume every day, and each dress was in the height of fashion. One gent is so had a change for every day, all except the hat. Lucky people.

A PRISONER confined in the county jail at Mt. Sterling told the sheriff, the other day, that he could escape in thirty minutes. The sheriff gave consent that he should try, and a few minutes later the prisoner walked into the sheriff's office. He had taken a few stones from the wall and crawled through.

MABEL HUNTER, a 16-year-old Iowa girl, is the victim of a peculiar habit formed in childhood. Whenever she is sent on on errand she walks to and from the place backwards. Sometimes she will absent-mindedly walk right, but upon recovering her senses will immediately retrace her steps and begin the journey over again backwards.

NELSON MORRIS, whose dressed beef is sold in Decatur and is quite an extensive farmer and stock raiser in North Nebraska, had a car of hogs of his own raising from his place at Herman, at the Omaha market. Morris is quite largely interested in stock also, having a butcher shop of considerable size in Chicago, and he is also feeding about 1,000,000 cattle in different parts of the country.

THE TAXES EQUALIZED.

Additions and Deductions on the Assessments.

Supervisors Barber, Roberts, Johnson, Whitley, Gerber and Dickson (Bell absent), County Board Committee on Equalization of the tax assessment for 1891, have been holding conferences at the county clerk's office all week trying to come to an agreement to present to the county board for approval at its meeting next Tuesday. The committee has agreed upon the land equalization as follows:

Austin, 2 per cent added.
Blue Mound, 3 per cent added.
City of Decatur and Decatur township unchanged.
Friend's Creek, 15 per cent added.
Harristown, 2 per cent deducted.
Hickory Point, 1 per cent added.
Illini, 9 per cent deducted.
Long Creek, 4 per cent added.
Maroa, 9 per cent deducted.
Milam, 1 per cent added.
Mt. Zion, 5 per cent deducted.
Niantic, 2 per cent added.
Oakley, 10 per cent deducted.
Pleasant View, 2 per cent deducted.
South Macon, 9 per cent added.
Wheatland, 8 per cent deducted.
Whitmore, 12 per cent added.

The committee up to noon to-day had not agreed upon the equalization as to lots outside of Decatur and in the county towns. The assessed value of Decatur outlots runs from $15 to $40, the average being about $25, while in the county towns the assessed value is from $50 to $150, the average being about $60. A majority of the committee favors bringing the Decatur outlots up to an average of $58 or $59, and it will probably be done.

Old Post One.

From Friday's Daily.

The Society of Old Post One, Grand Army of the Republic, was organized last night at the hall of Dunham Post. Among the first members of Post One present were M. F. Kanan, Peter Williams, G. R. Steele, I. N. Coltrin, C. M. Imboden, J. F. Steele, D. M. Berlin, Norman Pringle, W. F. Martin, W. R. Bradley, I. N. Martin, sr., and R. J. Roberts. A permanent organization was effected by the election of Captain M. F. Kanan president, and G. R. Steele secretary. It was voted to complete the roster of all comrades, living or dead, who ever belonged to Post 1, and a committee of five was appointed to prepare rules and by-laws for the association. The chairman of the committee is C. M. Imboden. The society adjourned to meet in Attorney Clokey's office Thursday evening, July 16th.

The Letter is Gone.

Inventor W. H. Bramble has written a letter to the firm at Paris, France, which has sought to get the pattern of one of Mr. B.'s locks, which they claim is just the thing wanted to knock out a rival lock in the old country. Mr. Bramble is too smart to send the pattern without first making terms and he makes a proposal in his letter to visit Paris in person and give the Depensier Brothers the exclusive right to make any or all of the 30 Bramble locks in return for the usual royalty. The letter has been mailed to Paris. The answer is awaited with considerable interest by Mr. B. and his friends.

A Wedding.

From Friday's Daily.

There was a wedding at the residence of Mrs. George Wessels on East Washington street last evening, Rev. Geo. E. Scringer officiating. The couple married were John A. Shriver and Miss Anna L. Rubicum, both of Decatur.

The Best

French and American Corsets can always be found at Linn & Scrugge D. G. & C. Co. d&w

AT THE RACE TRACK.

THE WINNERS WERE BERMUDA BOY, SUNSHINE AND COLERIDGE.

This is the Big Day—Man Thrown From His Sulky—Friday's Events.

From Thursday's Daily.

This is the big day of the Decatur race meeting and at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon it seemed as though everybody in the city and for miles around had headed for the race track. According to the agreement the merchants generally closed their stores. The trains brought in hundreds of people from distant cities and towns—all going to the races to pick out the winners. The weather is charming. Everything is favorable for large attendance, big gate receipts and fine exhibitions of speed.

Yesterday afternoon the crowd numbered something over 2,000, with a noticeable absence of ladies, although there were perhaps 250 present. The first day there were about 1,000 ladies in attendance, but that was the day when the ladies were admitted free. Goodman's Band played merrily, and the starter's dyspeptic gong, with the piercing yells of the sellers of the score cards, the incessant calls of the pool sellers and the whoopee of some country winner of a bet, added to the din of the trotting meeting. Even the blind female organ player and the Gypsy girls were on hand to add to the discord, in the hope of being paid to quit. The racing was more interesting than on the first day, because—well, we don't know just why, but the pool sellers seemed to know just how to bet and they raked in the cash.

THE EVENTS

There was some delay in starting the first race because of the non-appearance of I. H. Gregg, of Bushy Fork, with his "Douglas" horse, which had been entered for the event. Neither horse nor owner appeared, and Gregg under the rules was fined $25.

First event, trot for two-year-olds, purse $200, easy for the winner, Bermuda Boy:

Bermuda Boy, N. T. Kirby, Jerseyville, Ill	1	1		
Alice Ann, J. J. Hook, Maysville, Ky	2	2		
Ray, James McKean, Princeton, Ill	3	3		
Fanny, William Coombs, Monticello, Ill	4	4		

Time—2 37½ and 2 36¼.

Second event, 2:25 trot, purse $500, twelve starters, the largest string of trotters ever seen at a Decatur meeting. The scoring was wearisome, and as it took five heats to decide the race, the crowd sighed for a change, all except the sports who had picked on Sunshine, Larry C, Joe Egbert and Jack Jewett to win. It was a test of endurance with the three first named horses as the leaders. Kirby, the driver of Kansas Jack, was fouled by some driver on the last half of the fourth heat, and he fell from his sulky, while Jack went ahead on a dead run, finishing the mile and turning around driverless at the finish. He seemed to know when the heat was over. Mr. Kirby had one of his ankles badly sprained by the fall. Then followed a big kick to the judges. There was loud kicking among the jockeys and horse owners on the track, but it was all wind. The summary:

Sunshine, P. E. Flannigan, St. Louis	8	4	1	1	1
Larry C, Mell Cruse, Arcola, Ill	1	1	9	6	2
Joe Egbert, Brenneman & Watt, Decatur	2	2	2	5	8
Jack Jewett, F. C. Barlow, Bloomington	3	12	3	2	6
Minnie M, C. R. Merrill, Des Moines, Iowa	7	5	8	7	5
Plus, Dr. Neff, Kingston, Mo	6	7	5	10	3
Black Diamond, Wm. Combs, Monticello, Ill	10	10	7	9	9
Kansas Jack, F. M. Huffaker, Berlin, Ill	4	3	6	11	7
Two Strike, Standard Trotting Horse Co., David City, Neb	11	9	11	9	2
Lon G, Wm. Marvin, Lafayette, Ind.	12	8	10	3	4
Amarata, J. W. Edwards, Sardis, Miss	9	11	4	4	10
Walter Wilton, G. A. Fuller, Lincoln,	5	6	drawn		

Time—Larry C, 2:20¾, 2:25½; Sunshine 2:22¾, 2:20 and 2:27.

Third event—2:50 trot, purse 500, five starters. This was without especial interest except to note the staying qualities of Chamberlain's mare. Summary:

Molly C, J. H. Chamberlain, Decatur	1	2	2	2	
Coleridge, Alex. Hardee, Logansport, Ind	5	1	1	1	
Valleria, Bowman & Burns, Jerseyville,	2	5	3	3	
Bradford, W. H. Robinson, Princeton,	3	3	5	6	
Bobby Ford, Mell Cruse, Arcola, Ill	4	4	4	4	

Time—2:37¾, 2:35¼, 2:34½ and 2:36¾.

LAST DAY EVENTS.

From Friday's Daily.

Thursday was the big day of the race meeting in many respects. It was the day when the grand stand was crowded, when "Wall street" was a sea of hats, and when everybody did a land-office business. In the field were scores of gay equipages peopled with handsomely dressed ladies who held opera glasses and lorgnettes to critically inspect the moving horses and take in the stylish people in the grand stand. Even the modest reporters, the busy judges and the timers came in for the grand review by the fair sex. The attendance was nearly 5000. The officials felt so good over the presence of the big crowd and the work of Jack Sheppard that they entered no protest when Goodman's Band played the tuneful "Annie Rooney" softly and sweetly. Nobody kicked but the small boy, and he was crushed by the shouts of approval. Nearly all of the business houses and factories closed for the afternoon and everybody took a half-day off to enjoy the sport.

THE RACES.

There were five events on the programme, including the attempt of Dr. Sparks to beat 2:21 in the colt stakes. The crowd was well pleased with the exhibition of speed, and there was tall yelling when the Decatur horse, Jack Sheppard, driven by Huston, came in winner in three straight heats. Everybody on the ground was happy, even the egg-and-ham sandwich man, who had to close up shop early because he had run out of eggs, having sold 30 dozen and had found only 24 spoilt.

First event, postponed pace, 2:35 class, purse $500, a walk-over for Henry O. Summary:

Henry O, J. R. Head, Brownsville, Tenn	1	1	1
Minnie Hanks, O'Hare & Co., Paris, Ill	2	2	2
Billy A, R. Allison, Macon, Ill	3	3	3

Time—2:35¼, 2 43 and 2 31½.

Second event, exhibition race to beat 2:21 by Head's Cyclone horse, Dr. Sparks. The horse trotted the first mile in 2:27½, and then Billy Downing came in with a running horse hitched to a sulky, and on the last half of the second heat Billy ran the horse all the way around under the wire, Dr. Sparks breaking once and making the mile in 2:23.

Third event, 2:29 trot, purse $500. This was the race of the day, because a Decatur horse was in it and it proved that he was in it to win, and he did it without the semblance of a break except in the first heat. Jack is a great horse, powerful, speedy and an honest trotter. He was splendidly driven by Huston, on whom many compliments were showered. The summary:

Jack Sheppard, by Anderson Wilkes, Brenneman & Bro., Decatur	2	2	1	1	1
Queen T, W. D. Taylor, St. Joseph, Mo	1	1	2	3	3
Private Joe, W. K. Dodge, Fidelity, Ill	4	4	3	2	2
Lou Sprague, F. Shepherd, Princeton, Ill	3	3	4	4	4

Sheppard's time—2:28¼, 2:29 and 2.28¾; Queen T's time—2:30 and 2:30.

Fourth event, pace 2:50 class, purse $500, six starters, a combination run and pace, with A. P the favorite in the pools after the second heat. Summary:

A P, A. P. Hanes, Paris, Ill	2	1	1	1	
Saros, F. P. D'Arcy, Kalamazoo, Mich	1	2	4	2	
Billy Golden Win, Winkler, Kimler, Ill	3	2	3	4	
Nellie Bird, H. R. Calef, Monticello, Ill	4	4	2	3	
Orrin Russell and Landlord distanced in first heat.					

A P's time—2:30, 2:32¾ and 2:31; Saros' time—2:37¼.

Fifth event, free-for-all trot for a purse of $500. Summary:

Romeo, W. T. Dickson, St. Louis, Mo	1	1	1
Thalberg, C. C Bates, Decorah, Ia	2	2	3
Fantasia, B. B. Kluney, Riverside, Mont	3	3	2

Time—2:26, 2:23¼ and 2:25.

From Saturday's Daily.

The July meeting of the Decatur Trotting Association, Central Illinois Circuit, closed last evening with a crowd of fair size in attendance to witness the regular and special events. The meeting is voted a success, both as to racing and attendance, though more people were expected than passed through the gates. President Ullrich, Secretary Reid and the Directors worked hard to get good horses for the meeting and they did considerable judicious advertising. Perhaps the farmers were too busy to turn out in harvest time. The city people were pretty regular in their attendance, and none went away dissatisfied.

The association comes out several hundred dollars ahead in good shape for the fall meeting which will be held the first week in September.

GOT THE LOWEST MARK.

One of the special features of the last day was the performance of Dr. M., the Hoosier Patronage horse, which gave the Decatur track its lowest mark in the free-for-all pace, going the last mile in 2:18 Dr. M's best time is 2:14. The judges, timers and crowd cheered Driver Wade and Dr. M at the finish.

The other feature was an exhibition trot by Brenneman Bros.' seven-year-old stallion, Anderson Wilkes, record 2:22¼, driven by Huston. The stallion was warmed up for a mile, and he was speeded down the home stretch for an eighth of a mile, which the timers said he made in :15½, a 2:04 gait. The stallion is quite fleshy, and whatever the actual time was he acquitted himself like a winning trotter.

THE RACES.

First event, three-year-old trot, purse $300, Summary.

Alix, by Patronage, David City, Neb	2	1	1	1
Suiphose, James E. Clay, Paris, Ky	1	2	3	2
Dr. Caton, I. H. Gregg, Brushy Fork, Ill.	3	3	2	3
Deputy, C. B. Altaffe, Peoria, Ill	4	5	5	4
Raymond Wilkes, J. G. Neagle, Kewanee, Ill	5	4	4	5

Alix' time—2:32, 2:35½ and 2:32½; Sulphose—2:33¼; Deputy and Raymond divided fourth money.

Second event, free-for-all pace, purse $500. This was the race in which Dr. M gave his exhibition of speed, to the evident pleasure of the people. It was apparent to all that he might have done better had he been crowded. Summary:

Dr. M, by Mambrino King; Cogan and Grant, Washington, Ind	1	1	1
Harry Z, W. H. Robinson, Princeton, Ill.	3	2	2
Red Davis, J. Donavan, Jr., St. Joseph, Mo	2	3	3
Jack Jewett, F. C. Barlow, Bloomington	4	4	4

Time—2:21¼, 2:22¼ and 2:18.

Third and last event of the week, 2:40 trot, purse $500. This was the horse race of the week, because all were pretty well matched and it was neck-and-neck every heat between Mollie C and Huxham. Billy Downing drove Mollie C, the Decatur mare, to a queen's taste, and in the second heat set the crowd wild by coming down the home stretch the winner after a bad break on the back stretch. A great shout of pleasure went up at the finish of the last heat. The summary:

Mollie C, by Mambrino, J. H. Chamberlain, Decatur, Ill	1	1	1
Huxham, W. J. Creary, LaGrange, Mo.	2	2	2
Good Times, C. C Bates, Decorah, Ia	3	3	3
Brightmark, I. H. Gregg, Brushy Fork, Ill	4	4	4
Lona B, B. B. Franks, Cameron, Mo	5	5	5

Time—2:36¼, 2:33½ and 2:39.

TRACK NOTES.

The purses for the fall meeting will aggregate about $6500.

Now the bicycle club will take possession of the track, and will arrange for a tournament in August.

The Decatur horses got to the front at the meeting, Jack Sheppard and Mollie C, and each time Goodman's band played "Little Annie Rooney."

Many of the horses will be shipped to the meeting at Peoria next week. *Bermuda Boy* is to go in the races at the state fair.

HEDDING COLLEGE THE VICTOR.

Speech Contest at the Prohibition Camp Meeting.

From Friday's Daily.

Yesterday afternoon there was a large crowd at the National Prohibition Camp meeting to hear the singing by the Jinglers and the oratorical contest for the $25 gold prize. The judges were Rev. Oliver Stewart, of Eureka, Elder Robinson, of Mt. Pulaski, and Miss Maud McDonald of Moultrie county. The contestants were:

J. H. Shaw, Wesleyan University, Bloomington; subject, "Love, Marriage and Divorce."

J. L. Clark, Lincoln University, Lincoln, Ill.; subject "Praying and Voting."

S. L. Guthrie, Hedding College, Abingdon, Ill.; subject "Arraignment of the Liquor Traffic Before the Voters as a Court of Last Appeal."

A. L. Gettys, of Chicago; subject "The Liquor Traffic."

S. W. Garvin, Lincoln University, Lincoln: "Why Tarrieth the Chariot."

The prize was awarded to Mr. Guthrie, with the approval of the audience.

Mrs. Helen Gougar gave a short address before dismissal.

At night over 1000 people were out to hear the third party address by Mrs. Gougar, who had all the time she wanted to talk, and she talked vigorously with the smoothness and force of a finished speaker. She poured hot shot into the liquor traffic, and attempted to convince the people with the idea that she believes the prohibition candidate for president in 1892 will be elected.

A BROKEN LEG.

Will Eckels' Mishap at the Tom Scroggins Place.

From Saturday's Daily.

William Eckels, aged 16, son of Robert Eckels, who has made his home with Noah Abbott at 326 South Water street for 10 years, met with a sad experience this forenoon at the Thomas Scroggins place in Harristown. The boy was a guest at the home of G. W. Abbott in the country, and was helping the men gather the hay. He was sitting on the frame of a wagon driving a span of mules, while the men were loading the hay. The mules became fractious and one kicked Will on the head making a a slight bruise. He fell off the wagon and as the mules ran away two wheels passed over the boy's right leg, breaking the limb half way between the knee and hip. G. W. Abbott brought the boy to Decatur, and this afternoon at the home of Noah Abbott the Drs. W. J. and Cass Chenoweth, assisted by Elmer Stevens, set the limb and put it in splints.

New Lodge Instituted.

From Thursday's Daily.

Another lodge has been added to the list of Knights of Pythias lodge in the State of Illinois. The new lodge was instituted last night at Assumption and will be known as Blue Grass Lodge No. 294. James B. Ricks, of Taylorville, Past Grand Chancellor, assisted by Col. Johnson, of the Second Regiment, U. R. K. of P., instituted the new lodge, which starts out with 14 members.

One hundred and six Knights from Taylorville, Nokomis, Pana, Lincoln and Decatur took part in the work and all enjoyed an excellent repast or banquet this morning at 1 o'clock at Varney's Tavern. The Knights from Decatur who took part were P. C. A. T. Grist, P. C. F. W. Wismer, D. D. G. C. R. J. Simpson and Knights A. T. Summers, F. M. Patterson and F. O. Damrow, who returned to Decatur on the Illinois Central this morning.

Domestic Woe.

Mrs. Jennie Kretzinger, wife of Hon. W. H. Kretzinger, of Latham, formerly representative from the 29th Senatorial district, publishes a letter in the Springfield *News*, of yesterday, in which she says her husband abandoned her at the Commercial Hotel, Chicago, June 11th, leaving her without money and only a return ticket to Springfield. It seems that the couple have separated for good. Mrs. K. says her husband has treated her shamefully; that he has left black and blue marks all over her body. The couple were married at Christ church, Springfield, September 5, 1889. The bride was the widow of Douglas Hickox. She has relatives in Decatur.

MARRIED.

By A. C. Stevens, J. P., at the home of Fred Liston on South Main street, July 9, Matthew H. Liston and Miss Levina J. Bogle, both of Maroa, Illinois.

At his office on July 11, by A. C. Stevens, J. P., Ernest Rike and Miss Lydia May, both of Decatur.

DIED.

In the East Park Boulevards, July 10, of whooping cough, Charles Senour, son of Mr. and Mrs H. B. Poland, aged 14 years.

Near Casner Station, July 7, Bennie, the 4-year-old son of Noah Tobill.

The child had gone to the pasture with his two older brothers to drive in the cows. His hat blew off and he went back to get it. He failed to follow his brothers and later he was found in a dying condition in the pasture. He was borne to the house where he was attended by a physician, who failed to assign cause for the sudden death. There were no marks or bruises on the body. Probably it will never be exactly known how the child came to his death.

Very Low.

Men's Patent Leather Oxfords, $1.50.
Men's Prince Alberts, best Dongola, $2.25.
Men's Extra Fine Nettleton's Hand-Sewed Oxford's, worth $5, and cheap at that, but we are going to close them out at $3.95.
Men's Hand-Sewed Bicycle Hand-Made shoes, worth $4, to close out, $2.50.
All our Tennis Shoes at factory cost.
11 d&w1 POWERS' SHOE STORE.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

PROTECTION to American industries scatters Democrats like pennyroyal scatters flies

SECRETARY BLAINE in an interview denies the stories sent out to the effect that he is dangerously sick.

THE Democratic State Convention assembled in Ohio to-day. It is generally conceded that Gov. Campbell has the convention and will be renominated.

Two unanswerable interrogatories—"Where do the flies go in winter?" and "What becomes of the Democratic free traders in the North in a campaign?"

IT has been settled, according to the views of the delegates selected to the Ohio Democratic State Convention, that Campbell will be the nominee for governor.

THOUSANDS of British workmen are leaving the factories because of a reduction in wages, while other thousands have been locked out, and yet not a single American free trade mens' paper makes a note of these facts.

THE German government has sent an official to this country to investigate the pork question. He is an expert, and is now in St. Paul, Minn. If he were as well qualified as he ought to be he would confine his investigation to Illinois, where hogs are raised.

COMMENTING on the fact that a faro dealer fell dead when the Chicago police pulled the game the Peoria *Transcript* says it is not to be wondered at, for it has been a long time since Chicago gamblers have had such disagreeable surprises as they are having under the new administration.

THERE has been plenty of rain fall in the United States in the last month, but very unevenly distributed. In Sioux City Friday the damage caused by water is reported to amount to $100,000, and $1,000,000 is said to be a low estimate of the amount of damage caused by water in that state during the past week.

A REAL live "Kunnel" was hanged in Georgia the other day. Georgia may have discovered that it has too many Colonels. If this be true Decatur should take warning as the Colonels are multiplying very rapidly. No less than three have been promoted to that rank in Decatur within the last year.

SATURDAY a man was arrested in our city who had a knife in one hand and a brick in the other, while he demanded to know of every passer-by what good the McKinley bill had done this country. Upon these facts he was thought to be insane and hustled off to the calaboose. This ought to serve as a warning to some other free traders hereabouts.

T. V. POWDERLY may never discover it, but the facts are that his attempt to deliver the labor vote to the Democratic party in Ohio for no other reason than that he is a Democrat will amount to no more than his attempt to conduct the affairs of the New York Central Railroad a year ago. The labor people know Powderly better than he knows himself.

THE Democrats of Kansas, in their desire to defeat the Republicans, got so mixed up with the alliance last fall that they have lost their party. The leaders have decided that the only way to get what is left of the party in that state together is to declare war on the Alliance. It is the old cry of "To your tents, oh Israel." We have no part nor lot in this matter.

THE Democratic party has never worried about paying the debt of the United States—only about the manner of making the debt statement. The Republican party has been paying the debt through wise financial legislation, and if let alone will clear it off in time. It was mostly created, by the way, by a section of the Democratic party, which may account for the Democratic indifference.

MR. PARKINSON has discovered, he claims, on his trip to Bloomington that there is a strong sentiment in the North in favor of breaking down sectionalism. This is more than Rowell, Mason and some other gentlemen who went to Louisiana a few years ago discovered in that State, judged by the treatment they received. Suppose the Bloomington papers that are slopping over try their hands at a reconciliation of these experiences.

BARDSLEY incriminated Editor McClure and Editor Singerly in bad practices in a letter just published. Mr. McClure supported him for city treasurer, but the editor says that he had no ulterior motive in doing so. Editors McClure and Singerly conduct the "reform" newspapers in Philadelphia. They are not of the Quay school nor are they of the Wanamaker following. Still it seems that Bardsley has dragged their names into the scandal.

IT is just a trifle hard on the free trade-calamity-tariff-is-a-tax howlers, but the facts are that owing to the McKinley bill our imports of women's and children's woolen dress goods fell off from 4,270,683 square yards in May, 1890, to 3,813,645 square yards in May, 1891. But, says the free trader, prices must be higher because of the suppression of foreign competition. No, they are not, for the increased protection has evidently promoted domestic competition. The imported dress goods came down in price from an average value of 20 cents a square yard in May, 1890, to 18 cents a square yard in May, 1891.

How Can Kansas Recover.

Roscoe Conkling once said: "There is but one thing that is more timid as a million dollars and that is two million dollars." All will agree that this fairly accounts for the care with which capital is guarded, by those who possess it, and fully explains the precaution in obtaining substantial security when money is loaned. The recent party movement in Kansas, led by demagogues and foolish men against capital, and wherein a disposition was shown by a legislature, elected by the Alliance party, to so change the laws of the state as to make it possible for the borrower to dictate terms to those who hold mortgages as security for money loaned on real estate, had the effect to cause capital, wherever it was possible, to withdraw from Kansas investments and other capital to refuse to seek investment in that state.

This result has been precisely the opposite of that promised when men were being dragooned into voting in support of the fallacies presented by the leaders of the Alliance. Instead of relieving men from the payment of just obligations, as was expected by many, as these mortgages fell due they could neither be renewed nor new contracts made. Capital became shy of Kansas and refused to take any further chances in a state practically under the control of a party whose inclinations were in the direction of anarchy.

So sorely has this change in the financial affairs of the people of that state become that the Alliance has found it necessary to make some move to restore confidence. But the plan they propose will fall far short of what they hope to accomplish. It is proposed to form a financial alliance which shall declare that the people of Kansas are not disposed to repudiate their obligations, and as an assurance of the honesty of their intentions they propose to aid worthy men in strengthening security for money and to keep money lenders informed as to those who are not financially reliable.

This it seems to us is assuming a good deal. Having made a fight against the lender it is not likely that a promise of future good behavior will have a tendency to reassure capital, and the effort to become spies upon their neighbors would at once be turned into a club to beat men out of the possibility of securing loans unless they consented to be dictated to as to how they shall vote. The scheme is not such an one as honest men would engage in, and for these reasons will fall flat.

These "harum scarum" politicians have ruined the credit of Kansas and frightened capital from it. It has done the farmer an injury that time and honesty alone can correct. The men who have brought about this state of things cannot remedy it by promises or heretofore unheard of schemes. The only thing that will hasten the matter of restoring Kansas to what it was, will be the turning down of the Peffers, the Elders, the Simpsons and others of that class who have shown themselves to be evil counsellors.

AT a meeting of the Southern Farmers' Alliance M. S. Hall, president of the Missouri Alliance in an address charged Dr. McCune with having sold out for money and that he is now trying to array the Alliance of the South against the Democratic party. Mr. Hall of course thinks this a great sin and out of harmony with his views. He wants the Alliance in the North arrayed against the Republican party for the reason that he desires the return of the Democratic party to power. He is a Democrat who is engaged in the business of playing as many men as possible for chumps in the interest of moss-grown Democracy.

THERE are a few people who imagine they can see more clearly than other people how to remedy the evils of intemperance. They might do well to study carefully and prayerfully the following observation made recently by Miss Susan B. Anthony:

"I hope when the temperance women of this state get the right to vote they will use it with some sense. I hope they will not form third parties and defeat the candidates of a party who would serve their interests. The prohibition movement has taken some of our best men out of Congress. Women say they will vote as they pray. Well, if you pray with David B. Hill, vote with him. Don't go off and form a third party to help him."

TOLEDO *Bee:* The fourth of July orator who "pointed with pride" to the fact that when the sun sets upon Alaska it has already risen on Maine was right. This is getting to be a big country. It may be, too, the same thing may be said of it that the primitive Yankee said to John Bull, long ago, when John boasted that the sun never set on England's possessions, and the Yankee answered: "Good reason why. God Almighty wouldn't trust England in the dark."

THE Peoria *Transcript* proposes to present a set of Americanized Encyclopedia Brittanica to the person who writes the best and most remarkable hot weather story for it, not to exceed two hundred words. Here is a chance for the drummer who tells the hot story wherein he makes out that the hotter the climate the more numerous are the Democrats, until sheol is reached where the damzens are all of that political faith.

UNITED STATES SENATORS CULLOM and Higgins, Martin B. Brown, General Viele, Joseph Jefferson Jr., Wayne McVeagh, George Steadman, of North Carolina, Billy Florence, Tony Pastor and Frank Daniels were all seen on one afternoon on the Strand, London, last week, but so far no burglaries have been reported.

And Still They Howl.

Democratic free traders sneer at the idea of establishing the tin plate industry in this country through protection. Republican protectionists have claimed that the industry could, by proper protection, not only be established, but that within two years after a proper duty was placed on tin plate it could be made and sold here cheaper than the Welsh syndicate had been charging us for it.

The McKinley tariff law puts the necessary duty on that article and already its effects are being realized. Enough tin plate is already being manufactured to settle the fact that we can make it. This fact has alarmed the Welsh manufacturers. It means in time the loss to them of the American market for their tin plate. The tin plate workers realize this as fully as the syndicate. Many of the Welsh tin works have already shut down. Twenty thousand workmen are out of employment and they have taken the precaution to send a delegation of sixty men to America to investigate the possibilities of the tin plate industry here with a view, if reports are favorable, of these workers who are now idle emmigrating to this country for a job. At this point the American free trader shrieks, "What good will this do the American workmen?"

It is estimated that it will require from 70,000 to 80,000 workmen to produce the tin plate annually consumed in this country. It is not likely that one third of that number will emmigrate, but supposing they did, the McKinley law would still in this respect be far superior to the notion of the free trader that tin plate should not be manufactured here. An industry conducted in this country which would employ 70,000 men would certainly benefit the American farmer who sells the products of his farm to support these laborers and their families. Their presence would make business for the carpenter, the merchant and those in almost every other calling. They would pay taxes in America instead of England; support churches and schools and contribute in many other ways to the improvement of the United States.

America proposes in spite of the free trade croakers to manufacture her own tin plate and when it does the croaker will be the first man to seek to profit by it.

It is but fair to say that the Democratic Congressman from this district in a speech in Decatur last fall said: "Suppose we do manufacture our own tin plate; how will that aid us? it will only transfer a lot of laborers from one class of employment to that of another." And now the same Congressman and his Democratic friends are complaining because a few tin plate workmen are proposing to emmigrate to this country where they will become consumers on American soil of what the American farmer raises. They howl because every move of this kind drives nails into the free trade coffin.

THE accummulating evidence is to the effect that the nomination of Johnson in 1864 for the Vice Presidency did not result from any action or word on the part of Mr. Lincoln. Rather it was the natural sequence of Johnson's course in Tennessee and was a part of the fitness of things. The people wanted him and the first totals of the ballot in the convention showed this to be true. The chances are that Mr. Lincoln understood the situation better than most men and was shrewd enough politician to appreciate the effect on the country in the campaign of the selection. But that he set McClure at work to bring about the nomination in spite of the supposed claim of Hamlin for a renomination is hard to believe.

A KANSAS man who lived near to and knew him well says that some time ago Sockless Simpson got a contract for building an aqueduct to the county town. The manner of getting the contract was suspicious, and, after getting it, Simpson refused to pay his laborers more than $1.25 per day, and then made arrangements with a local merchant to pay the men in merchandise, so that he got a percentage from that. It would seem from this that when Simpson said he lost $4,000 farming in Kansas in the last ten years, he meant he lost it by not farming. It will now be in order for him to state how much he made off the laborers in Kansas in the last ten years.

THE Alliance people in Texas are having a row among themselves, and the new party there is divided into two sections who call each other names of a nature to make the block run cold. It has been noted of the farmer man that after he gets into politics he no longer, when enraged, confines himself to "goe-whittaker" and "gosh-all-hemlock."—*Chicago Journal.*

THERE are 46,000 oil wells in the United States, representing a capital of $120,000,000, with an output of 130,000 barrels per day. The refining capacity of the country is 140,000 barrels per day, while 15,000 barrels are consumed as fuel. A surplus stock is held in tanks of more than 35,000,000 barrels.

AFTER the row between Minneapolis and St. Paul over the enumeration in the two cities and a few other "rackets" of a blue character it is fitting that the world's Christian Endeavor Society convention should be held in one of those cities.

MISS COIT, of Connecticut, passed the Yale examination just the same as a boy, but she got caught on the question of trousers and was not allowed to matriculate. After all admission to Yale finally hinges on a pair of pants.

A Defective Plea.

American free traders have made some mighty poor apologies and explanations or their course, and that of English manufacturers, but among them the defense of the *Review* for the Welsh tin plate importers, Cort & Co., who have failed to fill the same order they wanted American tin manufacturers to fill, perhaps "takes the cake." It claims the duty imposed by the McKinley bill prevented them filling the order at the price fixed. In view of the fact that the offer was made in May, and the duty did not come into effect until July, does not this plea for the Welsh syndicate look pretty thin? Then again in view of the fact that the representatives of the Welsh tin plate syndicate in anticipation of and to avoid the new duty imported into the American market every pound of tin they could dump on American soil before July 1, is it not a little strange that they could not fill this innocent looking little order for 6,000 boxes tin plate 14x20 inches Bessam steel coke finish at $5.10 per box? It is estimated that at this time the Welsh syndicate has in New York at least 5,000,000 boxes of tin plate which did not pay the new duty, and yet out of this lot of plate they are unable to fill the small order that they through the New York *Post* asked the infant American tin plate industry to fill.

The *Review* can get down in the dust with its kind and quibble as much as it pleases, but the fact still remains, and cannot be wiped out by misrepresentation that the offer of Cort & Co., importers of Welsh tin plate, to purchase 6,000 boxes of the plate above described was conjured up by the agents of the Welsh syndicate aided by unpatriotic democrates of this country to injure the attempt to establish the industry here, well knowing at the time, that the Welsh manufacturers themselves could not fill an order for that kind of tin plate at the price stated. The wonder is that Democrats in this country will enter into an alliance with an English tin plate combine to prevent if possible the establishment of an industry at home which once established would support 700,000 Americans on American soil, and after doing so appeal to the American laboring man to vote the Democratic ticket.

The Davis Mausoleum.

The question of the site for the mausoleum and for the monument to Jefferson Davis is now one of absorbing interest and various suggestions are being made, but as Richmond has said to Mrs. Davis that she should be free to select any site she chose, nothing will be done in the matter until she is able to confer with the people. It is believed that Mrs. Davis wishes the body to rest in the grounds of the Davis mansion, Twelfth and Clay streets, Richmond, and it is thought she will prefer to have the monument also in that section of the city. Considerable money has already been raised for the monument.

Aquilla Jones.

Aquilla Jones died at Indianapolis, last Sunday, aged 80 years. He was one of the old-line Democrats of the state, and was appointed to take the census of the state in 1840 by President Van Buren. He performed the same office in 1850. He served in the Legislature from Bartholomew county in 1852. He had been post master of Columbus, Ind., and of Indianapolis, having been appointed last by President Cleveland. He leaves a wife and eight children.

Tariff Pictures.

New York *Press.*—The "reformer" said that the new tariff would prove a Chinese wall to shut us off from commercial intercourse with the outside world. In the first seven months of the operation of that law, our imports amounted to $484,749,584, as against $453,201,923 for the corresponding period of the year before. Of these amounts $215,230,889 was in goods admitted free of duty under the new tariff against $161,543,006 in free goods under the old law.

SINCE Uncle Jerry Rusk took charge of the Weather Bureau the weather in Macon county has been all that could be desired. Probably some of our farmers have taken Uncle Jerry at his word and asked him for the kind of weather they wanted. When the Presidential party was in Decatur the Secretary told the people that he was ready to do anything for them he could.

Letter List.

Advertised letters remaining in the Postoffice July 14, 1891

Anderson, Ann C.	Lee, A. B.
Baxter, R. W.	Lemon, Mr.
Bennett, Gabe	McEntyre, John
Ballard, John	McGraw, Dan
Bross, E. A.	Martin, Mahala
Campbell, James	Norris, Frank
Carter, W. F. 2	O'Brien, Dennis
Ceran, Adam	Pressner, Pat
Davis, John W.	Redenbo, Jowel
Dawson, H. H.	Smith, Adelaide M.
Denman, G. E.	Stewart, C. R.
Ermentrout, E. M.	Stout, David
Evans, Lorenzo	Summers, J. R.
Falkner, N. J.	Wallingford, Mr.
Johnson, A. B.	Washburn, Geo.
Johnson, Franklin L.	Wright, F. M.
Kerney, Mr.	

FOREIGN.

Jones, H. S.

PACKAGE.

Hughes, H. S. Thompson, Sarah.

J. T. HUBBARD, P. M.

WHEN bilious disorders are the cause of dysentery or diarrhoea, or when they accompany those diseases, the system must be cleansed and the bilious disorders corrected before the dysentery or diarrhoea can be permanently cured. For this purpose, always use St. Patrick's Pills, and after they have operated, take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and a speedy cure is certain. For sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist.

BEST Indigo Prints 5c a yard; heavy yard-wide Sheeting, 4c—at the great clearing sale of Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co. d&w

THE NEIGHBORING TOWNS.

LA PLACE.

A fine shower of rain fell in this vicinity last night.

The farmers are busy threshing their wheat, which is selling at 80 to 85 cents per bushel.

Mrs. Charles Havener is on the sick list this week.

Mr. Kendall, of Bethany, visited at J. Gunkle's Sunday.

Miss Addes Gunkle returned home from Decatur yesterday. She has been working in Mrs. Hamsher's millinery establishment.

Thomas Gibson's mother and niece from Bement are visiting at his home in this place.

Wm. Hornback, of Forsyth, visited his father over Sunday.

Several from here went to the Bloomingdale Glens on the excursion Sunday and report a very enjoyable time.

Will Gunkle and Will Snyder drove to Decatur Sunday.

Jas. Culver went to Decatur to day.

The Odd Fellows held their first anniversary picnic yesterday which was very poorly attended owing to the busy season. Rev. Branston was the speaker.

Quite a number from Cerro Gordo attended the picnic yesterday. Z.

July 14, 1891.

LAKE CITY.

Misses Sallie Brum and Laura Oder are visiting friends at Mattoon this week.

Quite a number from this place attended the races last week.

T. T Springer and wife and John McDermott and wife visited Lovington Sunday.

E. L. Reeves, M. D., visited Decatur Sunday. Decatur has quite an attraction for the Doctor just now

Mrs. John Rankin, Mrs. Logan, Mrs. Jake Shuel and Miss Manda Sinclair are on the sick list this week.

Joe Marlow and wife, Zan Marlow and wife Bert Hendricks, of Bethany, visited John Marlow and family Sunday

Miss Sallie Byron visited Lovington Thursday of last week.

Allie Dickson visited Dalton Friday afternoon.

MACON.

Ora and Daisy Daggett are visiting in Champaign.

The Misses Carrell, of Sycamore, are the guests of Miss Flora Baschel.

J. S Rice returned yesterday from a visit to friends in Flora.

Mr. John Smith, of Quincy, is visiting J. B. Hight and family.

The city "dads" are erecting more new sidewalks.

Hiram Kitch and family visited John Halterson and family yesterday near Moawequa. Hiram wants it distinctly understood that he does not visit Moawequa on Sunday.

Last Thursday while John Shanklin was in Decatur his daughter, Miss Nettie, and Mr Dave Hughes were married. Mr. Shanklin has been bitterly opposed to the match and now he is dressed in sack cloth and ashes.

A couple of fortune tellers are camped in our midst.

TROUTMAN.

The recent rain has given new life to farming. Corn was firing and chinch bugs were doing their best.

Wheat threshing is going on. The oats crop is about harvested. Both crops are of good quality.

Corn is tasseling out.

Rev. Bryant delivered a fine sermon at Sharon Sunday.

A number from here attended the camp-meeting at Riverside Park Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. S. Troutman, Mrs. Gulick, Mrs. Jerry Miller and Mrs. Jacob Troutman visited Father Waldorf, of Harristown yesterday.

Aunt Sarah Britt was surprised by her relatives Monday, it being her 72d birthday. Wm. Sawyer and family and Asa Gulick and wife were among the party.

Father Constant is on the sick list.

Mr. Peter Troutman reports crops good in Kansas and very wet weather.

Phelis Garner's daughter is visiting Mrs. L. L. Houck.

Mother Tandy, of Harristown, is visiting Mrs. Allen Park.

Rev. Tobey, of Warrensburg, visited here yesterday.

Our base ball club will play here Saturday afternoon SUB

July 15.

BLUE MOUND.

M. M. Fitzgerald, of St. Louis, was here Tuesday on business with O. F. Kirk, real estate agent

W. H. Fiery purchased a fine surrey in Decatur last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Banister, of the Blue Mound hotel, are visiting at Kansas, this state this week.

P. L. Vancleve has been granted permission from the pension bureau to act as pension attorney here.

Henry Tincher, of Decatur, was in Blue Mound Tuesday.

Postmaster W. H. H. Wentworth, of Boody, came down to attend the Chouteau funeral.

Miss Mandy Trainer, of Decatur, is visiting here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Stare, of Decatur, came down this morning to attend the funeral of Mrs. C. Kreidler. R.

July 15, 1891.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE mutilated body of a man supposed to have been in the water some six weeks, was found in the Platte river yesterday near Denver, Col. Many think it to be the remains of the Russian messenger, whose disappearance was reported near Denver some time ago.

FARMERS' COLUMN.

NOTICE.—Large lot of piano and organ boxes for sale. Call soon. Need the room. julys-d6-wl S. M. LUTZ.

MONEY to loan in large and small amounts Loans made on live stock, farm implements, or household goods. All classes of loans negotiated on short notice. Loans on farms and city business property at 6 per cent interest. Apply to A. T. SUMMERS, over Boston Store. julyl6-d&wtf

Assignee's Notice.

To the creditors of Shorb & Yaeck: You are hereby notified that the above named firm of Shorb & Yaeck made a voluntary assignment for the benefit of their creditors to the undersigned on June 3d, 1891, and all creditors of said firm are requested to present their claims to me under oath within three months from this date. And all persons indebted to said firm will immediately pay same to me.

Dated this 5th day of June, 1891.

JOHN IRWIN, Assignee.

june8-d3t-wfw.

Capital City Scandal.

The people and newspapers of Springfield are in the throes of a scandal at the capital in reference to Rev. F. W. Clampett, late pastor of Christ's Church at that place, who has gone to Europe, leaving his wife and child at Bloomington with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ewing. The Springfield *News* published a yarn to the effect that the clergyman was in debt $400 to $600, had gone to Europe leaving his wife and her father to pay the bills, and making other charges, which have occasioned much gossip. The Springfield morning papers and the Bloomington papers as well came out with flat denials of the story; and now the *News* comes back with over a column article reiterating its statements and adding others not at all complimentary to the personal habits of the divine. It is quite evident that there will be no end to the stories which grow in variety with each succeeding day. It is true that Rev. Clampett was pastor of the church at Springfield; it is true that he has gone to Europe to settle up his father's estate; it is true that Mrs. Clampett did not accompany her husband, because it was thought injudicious to expose the infant child to the dangers of an ocean voyage, and it is true that wife and child are at Bloomington. No doubt Rev. Clampett will confute all accusations when he comes back home.

A Noted Preacher Dead.

At an early hour Monday morning the Rev. Johnathan Edwards, D. D. LL. D., died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Dr. Loughbridge, in Peoria, of the grip. He was a noted divine of the Presbyterian church, having served as pastor in different places for forty-seven years, and at the time of his death was pastor at Meadville, Pa. He had been president of two female colleges. He was at one time president of the college at Hanover, which was removed to Chicago and is now the McCormick Theological seminary. He was also at one time professor of theology in the college at Danville, Ky.

Paris Will Have a New Court House.

At the meeting of the board of supervisors held at Paris, Ill., yesterday a contract was closed with Henry Ellictt, a Chicago architect, for the erection of a $75,000 court house in that city. The building will be constructed of blue Amherst stone, with interior finishings of marble. It will be 120 feet square, with a dome rising to a height of 150 feet. Provision will be made within the building for the post office and the various county offices.

BEAUTIFUL MADISON.

Wisconsin's Capital City Attracting Attention as a Summer Resort—Excursion Rates via Illinois Central.

Located in about the central-southern portion of the state is the celebrated "Four Lake Country" of Wisconsin, the beauty and charm of whose lakes no less a poet than Longfellow has recorded in verse. The two largest of the four lakes, Mendota and Monona, are separated by a narrow peninsula whose picturesque hills and valleys are dotted with the beautiful homes and fine public buildings of Madison. The natural beauty of situation of this, the capital city of the state, long since elicited unqualified praise from such an eminent journalist as Horace Greeley, and from so renowned a traveler as Bayard Taylor, and to-day the structural beauty of the city in nowise belittles its advantage and charm of location. The educational and governmental features, the shaded streets, substantial and pretty homes, charming drives, exquisite views of lakes, hills and towns, and the general restful atmosphere pervading the city; the opportunity that the lakes afford for the very best of fishing and for boating and bathing; the facilities along the fragrantly wooded lake shores for camping out, for summer hotel life, or for a season's sojourn in one's summer cottage—all this, and much more, has drawn to Madison in greater numbers each year the sportsman, the tourist, the camper, the resort hotel guest, the cottager and the lover of quiet country-town life. Consequently Madison is beginning to be widely known as a most delightful place for sojourn in summer, and, being located on the Illinois Central, that railroad has made a summer excursion rate to Madison from all principal points on its lines in Illinois. Excursion tickets on sale until Sept. 30th, good for return until Oct. 31st. For further information apply to your local I. C. R. R. ticket agent, or address A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., Chicago, Ill. july15-6td&w

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Chronograph Watches, Horse Timers, Split Seconds, Fly Backs,

And all that class of Timepieces. They will be on sale all this week, for LESS MONEY than

YOU EVER SAW THEM!

Cities that carry this class of merchandise cannot afford to sell them on small margins,

BUT WE CAN,

Because those not sold will be shipped back to New York next week.

PRICES Range from $35 to $500

IT WILL PAY YOU TO SEE THESE GOODS
If you ever expect to buy such a watch.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.,

Leading Jewelers.

IT PAYS +++

To Buy the Best!

Remember, POWERS is selling all his Men's Extra Fine, Hand-Sewed, Low Cut Oxfords and Southern Ties at $1.75, $2.25 and $3.95, only a shade over half price, Nettleton & Co.'s and East New York make.

$1.75 Buys our Decatur Hand-Turned Shoes for Ladies, sold everywhere for $3.00.

TENNIS SHOES at Factory Cost, to Close Out.

ON HIS MUSCLE.

Preacher Calhoun Turns on Distiller Westerman and Knocks Him Down.

In the Sunday papers appeared the following telegram from Pekin, Ill:

Henry Westerman, a wealthy distiller of this city, was knocked off the sidewalk in front of the German-American National Bank this afternoon by Rev. J. D. Calhoun, pastor of the English M. E. church, of Pekin. Westerman is the husband of Mrs. Mary L. Westerman, of the famous Westerman church trial that took place in this city some time ago. Westerman was following the preacher up the street, abusing him and calling him vile names, whereupon the minister knocked him down. Public sentiment seems to be entirely with Rev. Mr. Calhoun.

Rev. Calhoun is well known in the Central Illinois Methodist conference as an able pulpit orator and a man of peace; but it seems that he couldn't stand everything from Westerman and he gave the distiller the best he had in the shop to defend himself from personal abuse. Mr. Westerman is a celebrated character at Pekin, a man of wealth who has been been mixed up in various quarrels and deals, which have attracted attention. When Col. Merriam was Internal Revenue collector at Pekin years ago, Westerman and his gang attempted to bull-doze the collector. Westerman was recognized as the leader of the faction, and when their methods and threats became too bold, Col Merriam faced Westerman in his office and told him that if any attempt was made to molest him in the performance of his duties the first man who did it would pay the penalty with his life. This prompt action of Merriam broke up the gang and the collector had no further trouble. Now it appears that Westerman has found another man in the person of Pastor Calhoun who is not afraid of him nor his wealth.

A Paris Pastor's Position.

Rev. H. M. Brooks, in withdrawing from the Prohibition party, enumerates several reasons, concluding a public card in the Paris *Beacon* as follows:

My method of work hereafter will be along independent lines in all parties. My effort will be: 1. To create sentiment against the saloon and not against political parties 2. To organize anti-license societies with the view to having this question submitted to a vote of the people in the State at an especial election stripped of all other questions. 3. If the present Legislature will not give us such a privilege we will elect one that will. My confidence is in the people, the common people, that class who heard the Saviour gladly and followed Him in such crowds that they 'trod one upon another.'

I am not dogmatic on this question, but do believe that the Prohibition party will fail so long as the present methods of work are employed. Permit me to say in conclusion, that the great majority of Prohibitionists are honest and in good faith, but a great many of our leaders are, in my opinion, Prohibitionists 'for revenue only.'

A Relic.

An Alexandria, La., paper a few days ago had the following:

There was a war relic found here today near the camping grounds of the Yankee soldiers during the late unpleasantness. It is a silver ring with raised surface at either edge. On the centre of the ring is stamped with a steel die, which are as plain as the day it was stamped, "H. Hesse, Co. 49, Illinois Regiment, 1864." This may be of great importance to the loser if he yet lives, or to some of his relatives.

The roster of the 49th Illinois shows Anton T. Hesse, of Columbia, Ill., was a member of Company A, and that John Hesse and Michael Hesse, of Waterloo Ill., were members of Company H of that regiment, but no H. Hesse appears on the rolls.

Sales of Real Estate.

W. H. Starr to Mary J. Lonergan, the west half of lot 17 and 30 feet in width off the east side of lot 16, in block 6, in Starr & Mill's first addition to Decatur—$250.

A. W. Hardy to John Washburn, deed to lot 10, block 4, Carver's addition, $300.

Jacob F. Smith to John W. Mathias, deed to the southeast quarter, of the southeast quarter, section 2, 14, 1 east—$2600.

Jacob F. Smith to Ames Mathias, deed to the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 2, 14, 1 east—$2600.

Robert D. Wilson to John A. Wilson, deed to lot 12, block 4, Starr & Mills' addition—$400.

School trustees Illini township to J. N. Keefer, quit claim to one acre in 11, 17, 1 east—$1.

A New and Fatal Cattle Disease.

A peculiar disease is affecting the cattle in the vicinity of Barclay, Sangamon county. At first the nostrils of the animal are found to be swollen and then the whole frame is a continual shake. The mouth is also so sore that the creature cannot eat. Some cases have proved fatal, and a number of animals are now seriously affected. By many the trouble is attributed to the water, as in the vicinity it is very low and in some places the creeks and small streams have stopped running.

Born With a Full Set of Teeth.

Mrs. Kate Williams, a domestic at Houston, Texas, has given birth to a boy baby which has a full set of teeth. Medical men are puzzled. The new arrival is a perfect child. Not since the days of Richard III. has such a youngster been heard of.

As there is no royal road to learning, so there is no magical cure for disease. The effect, however, of taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for blood disorders comes as near magic as can be expected of any mere human agency. This is due to its purity and strength.

The most expensive street car in the world is owned by the Troy Electric Railway Company, of Cleveland. It cost $10,000.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

DECATUR BREAKS THE RECORD.

Remarkable Performance of Smallwood's Aloha at Chicago.

There were two running records of the world broken yesterday at the Washington Park race meeting at Chicago, and of course Decatur was in it. J. P. Smallwood's "Aloha," by imp. St. Mungo, dam Ollie, by Virgil, broke one of the records, and now J. P. will lay in a new supply of diamonds. Speaking of Aloha's race the Chicago *Tribune* of to-day said:

ALOHA A RECORD BREAKER.

Aloha closed the day's glory with a mile and one sixteenth in 1:46, with 110 pounds up, beating Prince Royal's former record, with 110 pounds up, by half a second. It was made at Morris Park last June.

RAN THE FIELD OFF ITS FEET.

Seventh race, purse $600, for 3-year-olds and upwards, penalties and allowances, one mile and one-sixteenth:

J. P. Smallwood's br h, 6, Alhoa, by St. Mungo—Ollie, 110 pounds (Thorpe) 1
Undine Stable's b c, 3, Nero by Flood—Queen Bess, 114 (Williams) 2
Sulsun Stable's b f, 3, Acclaim by Three Cheers—Rosetta, 94 (Hoggett) 3

Time—1.46.

Woodcraft, 110 pounds (Mooney), and Blue Vail, 107 (Penny), ran in order unplaced.

Opening.		Betting	Closing.	
8—5	3—5	Acclaim	7—5	2—5
3—1	1—1	Aloha	2—1	4—5
5—1	8—5	Nero	4—1	1—1
10—1	1—1	Blue Vail	10—1	3—1
10—1	3—1	Woodcraft	10—1	3—1

Mutuals Aloha, straight, draw, $6; place, $10 60; Nero, $9 50.

Aloha made a runaway race of it, leading from post to post without a challenge, and winning by six lengths. On the lower turn Nero came from behind and ran in second position, beating Acclaim by nearly two lengths. Aloha ran the field off its feet and made all the horses in it look cheap.

Big Race Horses.

It used to be commonly thought that a big horse could not race well, either as a runner or trotter. But this is a mistaken notion. Gloster, 2:17, was 17 hands in height; Dick Swiveler, 2:18, was 16 hands; Maxie Cobb, 2:13¼, was 16 hands; Lady Thorn, 2:18¼, was 16¼ hands; Lady Thorn, jr., was 17 hands; Rhode Island, 2:23½, was 16½ hands; St. Julian, 1:11¼, was 16 hands; Palo Alto, 2:12½, is 16 hands; Rarus, 16 hands; Phallas, 16 hands; Smuggler, 16 hands; Phyllis, 16 hands, and very many other great trotters. It is said that Common, the English Derby winner, is the largest horse that has won the Derby since Wild Daysell, who stood nearly 17 hands. Common stands 16.1½, with high-set withers, splendid shoulders, immense reach in front, great length from the hip to the hock, and grand limbs. Veritas says in the *Horseman* that mere bulk in mankind or animals does not win the day. Take Jay Gould, for instance, in financial matters; he beats other railroad men out of sight. Turning to the trotting turf, the little giants—Jay-Eye-See, 2:10, and Guy, 2:10¾—beat all the big geldings that ever wore harness. That greatest campaigner, Goldsmith Maid, was a small mare, and so was Flora Temple, who beat the massive George M. Pachen, conceded to be king in his day.

Caught by the Note Game.

About a year ago a couple of well-dressed gentlemen traveled through the northern part of Champaign county, ostensibly making the people acquainted with the merits of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, soliciting students for it and teaching the people how to diagnose diseases. There were no charges for anything, and before leaving they furnished a blank form of application to be sent to a certain address in Philadelphia and which would bring a package of prescriptions as remedies for certain common complaints. A few days ago one of these applications turned up as a promissory note for $100 against one of the best farmers in Ludlow township. The note has been paid, and other farmers are waiting to see whether they will have to walk up and settle also.

Died at His Wife's Funeral.

The Rev. B. W. F. Corley, a pioneer settler of Shelby county, residing in Tower Hill, attended the funeral of his wife Sunday apparently in good health. While the clergyman addressed the assembly Mr. Corley fell from his seat and expired in a few moments. Mr. and Mrs. Corley were both buried Monday.

The deceased was an uncle of Attorney D. C. Corley. He was a twin brother of Mr. Corley's father, who died a year ago. Both brothers were among the early settlers of Shelby county.

Women at the Polls.

A special election held at Ramsey to vote bonds to erect a school building, for the first time in the history of Fayette county women were offered the opportunity to exercise the right of suffrage. Five women availed themselves of this privilege and went to the polls and cast their first votes. Some of the men who were about the voting place made uncomplimentary remarks, while others took up the women's cause and heartily congratulated them for coming to the polls and voting.

The admirers of Dr. Spurgeon in America will be pleased to learn that that eminent divine, whose life has hung in the balance for a week or more, is now reported by his physicians to have fair chances for recovery.

We guarantee our Rice Coil Spring Vehicles to be the easiest riding made in the world. If after six weeks' trial the Rice Coil Spring is not found to be the easiest riding spring you ever used, we will exchange for any other style.
SPENCER & LEHMAN CO.
aug8-d&wtf

Last Friday at Bloomington Rev. William Matheny, aged 73, a superannuated minister of the Methodist church, was struck by a C. & A. engine on a street crossing and fatally injured.

Fast Black Dragon Organdies, French Monseline, Wool Challies and all Summer Dress Goods, greatly reduced in prices at the great clearing sale of Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co.

MIDSUMMER ✻ SALE

OF HIGH CLASS

Novelty Dress Goods!

Imported Iron Frame Grenadines at 50c, were 75c.

Imported Iron Frame Grenadines at 69c and 75c, were $1.00.

Silk Grenadines at 75c, our general price $1.

Surah Striped Grenadine at 84c, origina price, $1.10.

Fancy Striped Silk Grenadines at $1.00, were $1.25.

Black Brocade Grenadine at 60c, early price, 85c.

Twenty-five patterns of Imported French Grenadines in Black and Colored Novelties, original price $2.50 and $3 per yard, all marked $1.98 a yard.

Bradley Bros.

Agents for the Jouvin Kid Gloves.
Gloves Fitted to the Hand and Quality Warranted.

Corner of Water and William Streets.

WE HAVE

"Got Them on the List."

Names of parties for whom Lytle & Eckels and The Lytle & Eckels Hardware Co. have put in FURNACES since January, 1889:

G E. Henderson, city.
Julius Randall, city.
Frank Elwood' city.
Harristown School Board, Harristown.
First M. E. Church, Sibley.
J. M. Clokey, city.
F. M. Gaddis, city.
C. C. Oliver, Gibson City.
T. E. Anten, Monticello.
P. Huff. Maroa.
W. E. Nelson, city.
J. M. Wiswell, city.
W. J. Huff, city.
Spencer Huff, city.
Wm. Traver, city.
A. Miller, city.
H. M. Whitmer, city.
S. P. Curtis, Oakland.
O. E. Curtis, city. (three)
W. H. Starr, city.
W. F. Busher, city.
Niantic School Board, Niantic.
Monticello School Board, Monticello. (4)
Geo. E. Moeller, city.
Rutherford & Zimmerman, Oakland.
Frank P. Roach, city.
J. H. Phillips, city.
T. L. Pegram, city.
S. P. Davis, Harristown.
J. A. Roney, city.
Casper Elwood, city.
Trustees Presby. Church, city.
F. M. Converse, city. (two)
J. Michl, city.

To be Continued.

LYTLE & ECKELS HARDWARE CO.

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AT OUR DISPLAY OF

Outing Shirts

AT 25c.,

And see a sample of the Bargains we are Dealing out Every Day in the Week.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

THE Democracy used to be known as a conspiracy against human liberty. It is now winning fresh renown as a conspiracy against the national prosperity.

JUDGE BLODGETT has decided that Phoebe Couzins is out of office and out for good—but her claim for pay as secretary of the Board of Lady Managers of the World's Fair has no foundation in law.

THE correspondents who are writing health bulletins from Bar Harbor are not working "for boots." Their reports differ as widely as Mills and McKinley on the tariff, with all the intermediate stages represented. And Blaine still lives.

THE American commissioners to examine the condition of the seal fisheries in Behring Sea have been named. They are Prof. T. C. Mendenhall and Prof. C. Hart Merriam. The British Government has appointed Sir George Baden-Powell and George M. Dawson, L. L. D., both of Canada.

WATTERSON has nominated Carlisle for the Presidency again. Maybe Henry thinks that Carlisle, on a plank that straddles the tariff question, as the Louisville editor wanted to straddle it two months ago, would fool the public into trusting the Democracy in 1892. But if you fool the people once it's your fault, if you fool them twice it's their fait.

THE Democratic party will please stand up and tell us whether or not it is the intention of the Democratic party to repeal those "awful" and "iniquitous" and "onerous" pension laws, about which they are making so much fuss. There are over a million of the eleven million voters of the country interested in knowing what the Democratic party intends to do on this subject.

ONE of the Bloomington papers, speaking of Mr. Parkerson, of New Orleans orating at Bloomington on the Fourth, says: "There seems to be a sort of growing relationship between the Evergreen and Crescent cities. We have become a mother-in-law to 'em, so to speak." That being the case we begin to sympathize with New Orleans for it won't be long until it will sigh for a dose of the Mafia to take the taste out of its mouth.

SENATOR QUAY says those who have made the attack upon him in Pennsylvania are not Republicans, as they profess to be, but Democrats and Mugwumps. He also says it is not true that he opposed the Election Reform Bill before the Pennsylvania Legislature. These are small things when compared to his opposition to the Federal Election Bill; that is enough to condemn him without the aid of extraneous testimony.

Chicago *Journal*: Compliments from the stalwart Republican press for the *Tribune* are rare, and the following from the Clinton *Herald* is not altogether complimentary but fairly so: "In order to perpetuate the delusion that it is a Republican paper, the Chicago *Tribune* has occasionally something orthodox to say. Here is a late remark: 'Democrats think only of cheap goods for consumers and never of good wages for producers.' Not bad, though it is entirely perfunctory."

St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*: The story that the People's Party is going to whip the Democrats in Kentucky this year has hardly a sufficient basis of truth to warrant Republicans in doing and shouting. However, a victory for that party would not be any cause for Republican rejoicing excepting as it would tend to hasten the inevitable split among the Bourbons, for the People's organization stands for all the villainies of the Democracy, with several absurdities and iniquities of its own.

CHICAGO *Journal*: The alliance people are making it very warm for the Democrats in Kentucky, and are placing the election of the Democratic candidate for governor in jeopardy. Polk, the chief officer of the alliance, was asked for help in the Kentucky campaign, but he refused it, asking the alliance to put in all its work, not in Kentucky, where the Democrats would be hurt, but in Ohio, where the Republicans would suffer by their faction. The southern alliance man is a mere Democrat in disguise, or, rather, a Democrat first and an alliance man afterward.

THE truth in regard to the Ohio campaign is pretty generally understood. It is also fairly expressed by *Harper's Weekly*, and is not colored by mugwump misrepresentation. That paper says: "The election of Mr. McKinley by a large vote would show clearly a reaction from the feeling of last autumn, and a reconsideration of the verdict against the tariff. Congress would meet with the Republicans inspirited and eager to offer a thoroughly organized opposition to a large but cumbrous majority apprehensive of self, and it is by no means sure that the session would not end with Democratic proposals clouded by Democratic legislation." And the Republicans court the conflict and the issue.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Wood, druggists. d&w

The Salton Lake.

The new lake now in the process of formation in the alkali desert in Southern California and the phenomena attending this change in geography has given rise to considerable discussion and conjecture as to how it all happened and also as to the probability of its permanency. Those most directly affected, and consequently most interested as to the result are the proprietors of some salt wells and the Southern Pacific Railroad company. The theory generally accepted has been that the waters came from the Gulf of California through a break in the sand hills, but it seems that theory has been exploded. The railroad people, as soon as the valley began filling with water, sent runners and exploring parties out to discover the facts. Some of them have been compelled to return on account of the excessive heat and difficulties which they were unable to overcome, and it was not until Wednesday, July 7, that anything substantial had been learned. This was through a man by the name of Carter, who was sent out with an exploring party by the railroad company and returned on the date named. His report in substance is that the water leaves the Colorado river at a point eight miles from El Rio and flows through several channels from four to six feet deep and from thirty to sixty feet wide. It flows westward along the sand hills on the line of the old overland stage at that station, making a stream 100 yards wide and more and having a velocity of four miles an hour and gaining. It was too deep to get the depth, but the old slough at that point was formerly twenty feet deep. This is about thirty-five miles from the river. The water is all the way from half a mile to two miles wide and from two to four feet deep, having a velocity of two miles an hour. The main channel passes Cook's Well, then on to Alamo Mucho, making a distance of fifty-two miles from the Colorado River. This is the point where it enters the desert for Salton. The only way to reach that point is over the sand hills. This settles the question of the water supply conclusively, and in all probability settles the question of the permanency of the lake, as there can be little doubt that the water coming from Colorado River will insure the permanency of the lake.

They Want to Know.

The New York *Press* proceeds to give the reformer some information in the following pointed manner: "The 'reformer' wants to know what benefit the McKinley tariff has been to wool growers. Well, it has so stimulated domestic wool manufacturing by reducing our imports of woolen goods for the first seven months it has been in force from $28,723,201 to $20,089,143 for the corresponding period last year, that the increased demand for domestic wool has kept the price nearly up to its last year's figures, although Australian wool has declined in the world's market from an average price of $82.83 per bale last year, to $55.52 per bale this year."

THE *Inter-Ocean* cites a parallel to the Bardsley case in Philadelphia from the history of Chicago politics. It appears that Bardsley became treasurer of Philadelphia on the demand of the business men of the Quaker City, and not on the demand of politicians. He was not a politician, as the term goes, and used the public funds in a business way, as he did his own, and on account of adversity became a defaulter, and was sent to the penitentiary. In Chicago, according to the *Inter-Ocean's* statement, David A. Gage was elected treasurer some twenty years ago as a business man's candidate. He, like Bardsley, later on, had not sought the office. The result was that he loaned the city's funds as he did his own, and lost not only his own fortune but the public money. He was tried, but a jury concluded that the city, having pressed him to the front as a business man's candidate evident, gave him license to loan the city's money, and having lost it, the city was not entitled to his conviction, and he was allowed to go free. In these two cases it is clear no lesson of corruption in politics is pointed, but it is on the other hand a clear case of depravity in saints.

Absorption of the Dimes.

The absorption of the dimes by the little dime savings banks still continues. The demand on the mints for this denomination of coins is unprecedented, and last month the director of the Philadelphia mint, which has hitherto coined all the dimes, had to call on the institution at New Orleans to help out. What an object lesson in the art of saving money these little banks have proved! If so easy to save dimes, why not quarters and halves and dollars.

La Grippe Again.

During the epedemic of La Grippe last season Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, proved to be the best remedy. Reports from the many who used it confirm this statement. They were not only quickly cured but the disease left no bad results. We ask you to give this remedy a trial and we guarantee that you will be satisfied with results, or the purchase money will be refunded. It has no equal in La Grippe, or any throat, chest or lung trouble. Trial bottles free at King & Woods drug store. Large bottles, 50 c., and $1.00
bm

HAY is reported as likely to be a fairly good crop in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Minnesota. A big crop is anticipated in Iowa and the Dakotas. In Michigan, Missouri and Kentucky the prospects are below the average.

Two ex-Presidents are living but none of the ex-Vice Presidents are now alive.

The Labor Vote.

It is hard to understand how any laboring man who considers that the interests of the American laborer can be affected favorable or adversely when the manufacturing is done on American soil by American citizens or on European soil by the subjects of Kings and Emperors, can vote with a party that favors free trade. In the coming campaigns the question of free trade and protection will be the leading element in the principles contended for, and we shall see what the laboring people propose to do when confronted thus squarely with the antagonistic principles from which they must choose.

Already we have indications that intelligent workingmen propose to vote in their own interests. A representative of labor organizations in the east was recently interviewed in Chicago as to certain phases of the political outlook and stated very clearly that the party that gets the labor vote next year will be the party that declares for protection. He says that the idea that New York is a free trade state is entirely erroneous and that the industrial classes in that state and the working men generally in the eastern states are protectionists in principle and are taking a deep interest in the contest in Ohio, where that principle is so clearly defined.

He calls attention to the fact that in 1884 as well as in 1888, delegates from New York state labor organizations attended the National Conventions of the Democratic party to protest against the nomination of Grover Cleveland, because of his free trade proclivities. As to Gov. Hill he says that, that while it is true that the workingmen of New York have stood by him generally during than canvass for the governorship, it is also true that they would not have done so had not the governor declared in specific terms that he was not in favor of free trade. He declares that labor was never in a more prosperous condition and that steady employment was never more assured than it is at the present time. The workingmen of the east know this and they know that it is the legitimate effect of the policy of protection to American industries and they will support the candidates of the party that advocates that party in the next National Convention.

The Cherokee Strip In Court.

To those acquainted with the facts which lead up to the claim of the Cherokee Strip by the Cherokee Indians it is clear that their claim is not based on either law or equity. Until recently, however, the matter has never been tested in the courts and then only in an indirect way; but the result indicates that the courts will in any event hold against the claim of the Indians.

After the removal of the Cherokee Live Stock Association from the Cherokee Strip, the Cherokees had placed about 30,000 head of cattle on the land. By executive order, issued through the War Department these were being removed by troops, when proceedings were brought to enjoin their removal. The decision was rendered adverse to the Cherokee title, and if sustained, virtually extinguishes all the rights of the Cherokees to the land. The decision was rendered by United States District Judge A. J. Seay, at Kingfisher, Oklahoma Ter.

The Cherokee Outlet, originally granted by the government to the Cherokees at the time of their removal to the Indian Territory only extended west to the 100th Meridian. It could not have extended further, as that meridian at the time was the western limit of the United States. Since that time, by the results of the Mexican War and by purchase, the National domain has been extended to the Pacific Ocean. What is now known as the Cherokee Strip is a body of land extending west from the 100th meridian, and is sometimes known as "No Man's Land." By carelessness Congress, in amending bills forming Territories at different times and fixing boundaries, unintentionally left this Strip without embracing it in these Congressional territories, and because it happened to be detached and on a line and contiguous to the original Cherokee Outlet there Indians in time claimed it. The fact, however, remains that it was never ceded to them and of course their claim to it is void.

Waiting for Democratic Success

Speaking of Nottingham's hosiery trade with the United States the *Hosiery and Lace Trades' Review* (English) says:

"Manufacturers are looking upon this [American] market as a branch of their trade for which they will have to wait until the political rulers of America have changed."

What an inducement, to be sure, for American citizens to throw off their coats and join with the Mugwumps in the work of producing this change in the interest of British manufacturers! And what a grand spectacle it is to see men vote against the interests of their own country and in the interests of a competing country for no better reason than the obstinacy of supreme prejudice.

BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP.

We guarantee *this* to be the *best Cough Syrup* manufactured in the whole wide world. This is saying a good deal, but it is *true*. For *Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sore Chest, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough* and all diseases of the *Throat and Lungs*, we *positively guarantee* Ballard's Horehound Syrup to be without any equal on the whole face of the globe. In support of this statement we refer to every individual who has ever used it, and to every druggist who has ever sold it. Such evidence is indisputable. Sold by Sweeringen & Tyler. 4



SANTA CLAUS SOAP—MADE ONLY BY
N. K. FAIRBANK & Co. CHICAGO.

Opportunity Extraordinary!

We have selected and are now exhibiting in our warerooms the

Largest and Most Complete Stock of

PIANOS

to be found under one roof

ANYWHERE.

Over FOUR HUNDRED (400) new Pianos, embracing the Finest Instruments made by the

KNABE, FISCHER, NEW ENGLAND, and PEASE

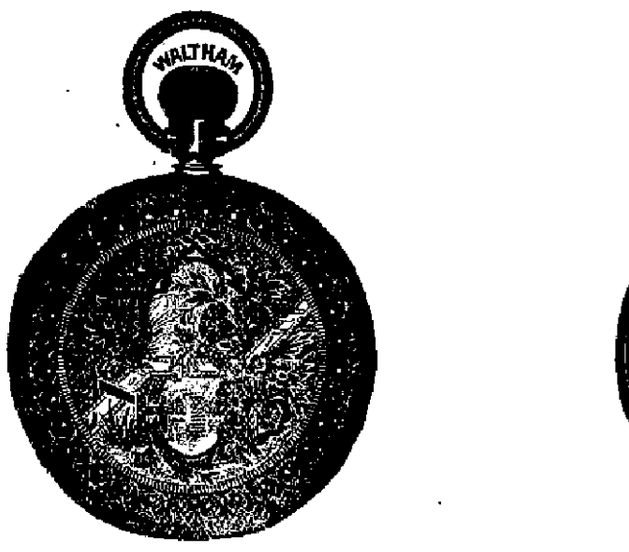
Bargains may be seen in this stock, while our prices are the lowest offered by any house in the business.

IT WILL PAY YOU to visit Chicago at an early date and inspect our stock.

If you are not prepared to pay all cash now we will make the terms as easy as you can reasonably expect.

Full information as to special bargains and special terms furnished to correspondents. Address

State and Monroe Sts., CHICAGO.



CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

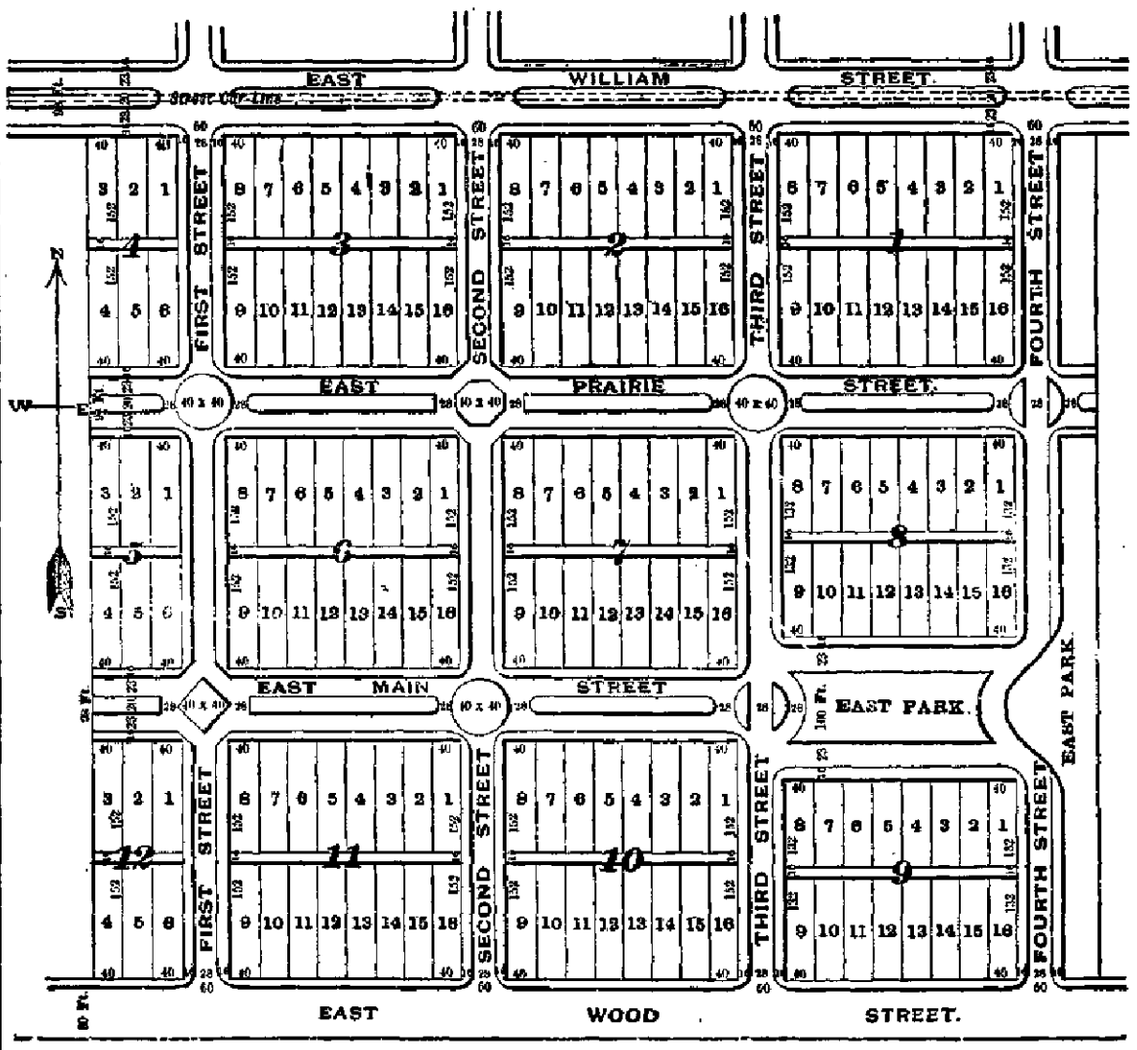
Here is where you want to buy your HORSE TIMERS if you want to Save Money. I have them for $10, $20, $30 and upwards. SPLIT SECONDS AND MINUTE REGISTER.

E. J. HARPSTRITE,

THE JEWELER.

146 East Prairie Street, East of Post Office.

WHY You Should INVEST in EAST PARK BOULEVARDS.



Because it is the most elegant addition in Decatur.
Because it has a finer class of citizens, with a better average of houses than any other addition.
Because it is closer to the great shops and factories than any other addition.
Because it is connected with the business centres and factories by an Electric Railway.
Because there is tributary to it a greater amount of Railroad frontage than to any other addition, and there the factories of the future are bound to locate.
Because the proprietor intends to have none but reputable people on his addition, and in every respect keep it in the lead, making it the choicest residence portion of our city.
Because we believe in the principle of "live and let live," and we give better lots, greater attractions, lower prices, more reasonable terms and greater certainty of advance in value than any other addition.
Better citizens, better houses, greater attractions and the lowest prices will always win.
In order to close out the present addition with reference to laying out a duplicate of the Boulevards immediately east, the old prices will prevail. Call on any Real Estate Agent in the city, or on the undersigned for information.

JOSIAH M. CLOKEY, Prop'r.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

RACE CLOTHING MANUF'G CO.



Down Go the PRICES

—ON—

SHIRTS

—AND—

STRAW HATS

Call and see our 25-cent Hats and Shirts, and

Boys' Suits for $1.50

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK. Telephone 91

RACE CLOTHING MANUF'G CO.,

129--135 North Water Street.

THE

4th OF JULY

—AND—

The Horse Races

Have come and gone and still we are offering inducements to CASH BUYERS. THEY WILL INTEREST YOU.

ALL-WOOL GRENADINES, 40 inches wide, Reduced from $1.00 to 83c per yard.

Silk Grenadine, 59c a yard; Reduced from 75c.

32-inch Zephyr Ginghams, regular 15c, 18c and 20c qualities, all going at 12½c a yard.

One Lot of EMBROIDERIES, different widths---a Bargain with a Big B---only 3c a yard.

The Best White Shirt in Decatur for 50c. SEE THEM.

Chas. T. Johnston.

Hays' Old Stand.

151 NORTH WATER STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO. BANKERS.

WE TRANSACT A GENERAL

BANKING BUSINESS

Same as an incorporated bank. Buy and Se Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper.

LOAN MONEY on MORTGAGE SECURITY

Make Mortgage Investments for Customers and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

under private key, in OUR FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT, free of Charge.
jan17 1884-wtf

Rev P. S. Henson. D.D.

The Eloquent Pastor of the First Baptist Church of Chicago, Does Suffering Humanity a Great Service by Telling His Experience with a Great Family Medicine. Read:

"An almost fatal attack of La Grippe last winter left me with nasal Catarrh and such susceptibility to or acquired irritation that the slightest exposure would develop it, and a very little effort in public speaking would result in a distressing hoarseness, so that I had serious fears of permanent disability. "Besides, I suffered with dyspeptic troubles—notably what is popularly known as 'heartburn,' from which I found it difficult to obtain relief. I was induced by a friend to try KING'S ROYAL GERMETUER, and it gives me great pleasure to say that its effect has been as magical as 'Koch's Lymph' is reputed to be, which is also a 'germ destroyer,' though taken in a different way.

"Catarrh, bronchial irritation, and dyspepsia have all disappeared before one bottle of the GERMETUER has been used.

"One of my sons, who has long been a sufferer from Catarrh, has received like signal relief from his old enemy. P. S. HENSON.

"Chicago, Dec. 10, 1890."

GERMETUER cures by killing the disease germ and thus removing the cause. It is a specific for Catarrh, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism Lung, Blood, Liver, Kidney, and Bowel Trouble. IT IS WOMAN'S BEST FRIEND, regulating all irregularities. It builds up from the first dose. For sale by druggists, or will be sent anywhere C. O. D. for $1.00 per bottle (concentrated, which makes one gallon medicine).

KING'S ROYAL GERMETUER CO.,
240 La Salle St., Chicago.

For sale by S. M. Irwin Druggist Co.

Medicine and Surgery.

T. B. SPALDING, M. D.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.
Office Hours—7 to 10 a. m., 2 to 5 and 7 to 9 p. m.
Office—Corner of N. Main and Prairie Sts., over Pratt & Co.'s grain office.
julyl6-d&wtf

WEALTH OF MACON COUNTY.

Total Assessed Value of all Property $9,692,595.

The books of the assessors in Macon county for the taxes for the year 1891 are now in possession of County Clerk Hardy, who has gone through the books and made up the grand summary. The REPUBLICAN takes the following interesting figures from the books:

LANDS.

Total improved lands, 350,294 acres; value, $5,591,484; average assessed value per acre, $15.69.

Total unimproved lands, 9838 acres; value, $74,944; average assessed value, $8.47.

Total lands, 365,132 acres; value, $5,666,428; average assessed value, $15.51.

LOTS.

Total improved lots, 6,167; total value, $2,070,751; averaged assessed value, $335.83.

Total unimproved lots, 3345; total value, $108,603; average assessed value, $32.46.

Total lots, 9512; value, $2,179,354, average value, $220.11.

THE CROPS.

Total acres of wheat	7736
Total acres of corn	44612
Total acres of oats	13754
Total acres of meadow	3889
Total acres other field products	350
Total acres enclosed pasture	19131
Total acres orchard	909
Total acres woodland (10 tps)	1078

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Total assessed value	$1,078,636
Total lands	5,666,428
Total lots	2,179,351
Total value of all property	$9,692,595

ITEMS OF PROPERTY.

Horses, 10,418; average value	$ 21.72
Cattle, 28,072; " "	5.95
Mules, 1453; " "	21.70
Sheep, 4400; " "	1.01
Hogs, 32,282; " "	1.56
Steam engines, including boilers, 169, average value	105 09
Fire or burglar proof safes, 161, av. val.	36.43
Billiard tables, 27	
Carriages and wagons, 5352; average val.	6.34
Watches and clocks, 3593; average val	3.75
Sewing or knitting machines, 3705; av. val	5.17
Piano fortes, 631; average value	35.84
Melodeons and organs, 1202; av. val.	9.00
Merchandise, total value	$299,510
Material and manufactured articles	22,320
Manufacturers' tools	33,996
Agricultural tools, implements and machinery	41,758
Diamonds and jewelry	730
Moneys of bank, banker, broker or stock jobber	51,793
Credits of bank, banker, broker or stock jobber	18,408
Moneys of other than bank, banker, broker or stock jobber	72,093
Credits of other than bank, banker, broker or stock jobber	99,100

An Unparalleled Refunding Rate.

New York *Press*: The unanimity with which the Democratic financial authorities speak slightingly of Secretary Foster's success in refunding the outstanding 4½ per cent bonds at 2 per cent is simply an exhibition of their jealousy. They are like the people who believed that no good could come out of Nazareth. Yet so low a rate of interest in a refunding operation has never before been reached in this country. We have been told by the Democratic press that money is scarce, that free silver must be adopted as a policy to secure more money for the country's needs; but the government finds money so plentiful that it can get over fifty millions at less than 2 per cent, and that, too, at a time when the same authority insists that the government is bankrupt. There is nothing so convincing as the practical financial argument to be found in this transaction for refuting all their stories about the Treasury finances. The government can pay dollar for dollar what it owes, and everybody knows it, and its credit is so good that it can borrow money lower than any nation on the globe. And Republican financial management and legislation have made this possible.

An Infidel Converted.

Evangelist Penn, who has been conducting a 15 days' meeting under a mammoth shed on the First Baptist Church grounds at Bonham, Texas, finished his labors Thursday night. Over 80 conversions have resulted from the meeting. One remarkable instance was noted during the progress of the revival. A farmer living in Dallas County, a distance of 90 miles from Bonham, has been a life long infidel. At the earnest solicitation of his wife and relatives he was prevailed upon to hear the remarkable Penn. So he came the entire distance on horseback. For two nights he was under the quickening powers of the evangelist. On the third night he professed religion, and mounting his horse rode home.

Establishing Communication.

A Pittsburg tot, who has often astonished the natives by her quaint remarks, disappeared suddenly a few evenings ago Search on the porch and around the house failed to find her, but at length her voice was heard in the parlor. Her papa tiptoed to the door and peeped in. She had improvised a telephone with a paper cornucopia and a piece of string, and putting the funnel to her ear, she called out:

"Hello, Central. Give me Heaven. I want to say my prayers."

Maroa's Election.

At the convention Tuesday Dr. S. H. Covault was nominated as license alderman for the second ward and John Gray as anti-license alderman for the same ward. The election will be held July 22, under the new Australian law.—*Maroa News.*

DURING our epidemic of dysentery, in the summer of 1879, I sold 108 bottles of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and it proved satisfactory in every instance. The remedy is standard in this community.—GEO. B. DUNBAR, Druggist, Center Point, Iowa. The epidemic referred to, was by far the worst that has ever occurred in Iowa. Over 40 persons died from it, in a town of only 500 inhabitants; but every case in which this remedy was used, recovered. It was equally successful during the epidemic of bloody flux in Virginia in 1887, and in Michigan and Southern Illinois, in 1888. It has been in constant use for over eighteen years, and has proved itself to be the most successful medicine yet discovered for bowel complaints. For sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist. d&w

DAILY arrival of the latest styles of carpets, wall-paper, curtains, rugs, mate mouldings, poles, Chinese and Japanese mattings and silks that are miracles of beauty. See them at ABEL'S CARPET HOUSE. june20-dawtf

THE IMMORTAL "J. N."

Some Interesting Facts Concerning His Life History.

Danville Commercial.

There is scarcely a newspaper of any note in the north especially, which has not been visited by the "Immortal J. N." He is not only known by the editor but by the compositor and even the "devil." His name is J. N. Free, and once was a resident of Fremont, O., where, it is said, he practiced law until the civil war came on, which, it is asserted, caused his mind to become unbalanced, believeing the war to be wrong and a great mistake. His mania is to restore peace and good feeling between the north and south by "lifting the veil and telling the truth," thereby "removing the pressure." He is always intimating that he is going to tell some important secret about the real origin of the war, but he never tells it. The secret remains concealed behind the veil he never lifts.

For twenty-five years he has been a wanderer. His pockets are full of railroad passes, and when he happens to get on a new road where he has no pass the conductors allow him to ride free without a question. He was never known to buy a ticket on a railroad. He will walk into the office of the president of a railroad and say: "I am J. N. I want an annual pass." Without a word the pass is made out and handed over. As he places it in his pocket he says: "I will return in a year and lift the veil."

The famous crank wears his hair very long, and the gleam of his big brown eye tells that his mind is not evenly balanced. He never forgets names or faces and his acquaintance with public men is extensive. He goes to Washington City very often and tells senators and congressmen how to vote on public measures. Putting on the pressure is his method of getting even with his enemies. If a newspaper refuses to publish one of his notices free, with a wave of his arms he says: "So be it, but I'll put the pressure on you now and it will crush you. The veil shall not be lifted." A year later he may walk into the same office some night at midnight and with another wave of his arms announce that he has come to remove the pressure and lift the veil.

Information to be Given Out.

There is a general inquiry from miners and operators, in all parts of the state for information as to the details of the laws recently enacted affecting the business of coal mining especially the gross weight, anti truck store and weekly payment acts. A circular is being prepared by the state bureau of labor statistics at Springfield, giving all needed information, and this will be distributed as soon as it can be printed. Many mines in the state have practically suspended operations largely on account of the lack of definite knowledge regarding the new laws—a state of affairs caused by the delay in the printing of the session laws and the extremely limited number of the copies available for general distribution. Representative O'Connell tried to avert this danger before it occurred, but was overruled by the Democratic House, which saved at the spigot and wasted at the bung in this, as in everything else.

As to the New Election Law.

The Secretary of State is preparing a circular giving instructions for election officers under the new election law and when completed it will be sent to the county clerks for distribution. Owing to the delay in getting out the session laws there have been numerous requests from all over the State for information concerning the provisions of the new law. An important point is that the law applies to all special elections called after July 1, as well as to the general elections Inquiries have come from Pulaski county, where a special election is to be held this week, but as the election was ordered prior to July 1, it will be held under the old law.

BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT

This wonderful Liniment is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Lakes to the Gulf. It is the most penetrating Liniment in the world. It will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Old Sores, Burns, Sciatica Sore Throat, Sore Chest and all inflammation, after all others have failed. It will cure Barbed Wire Cuts and heal all wounds where proud flesh has set in. It is equally efficient with animals. Try it and you will not be without it. Price 50 cents. Sold by Swearingen & Tyler. 4

RARE OPPORTUNITIES.

What the South Has to Offer the Home-Seeker—Rich Lands at Figures—Early Crops at Fancy Prices.

A certain small town in Louisiana, and another in Mississippi, on the line of the Illinois Central R. R., but a few years ago had absolutely no commercial importance, and from them not a dollar's worth of produce was sold to a distant market. This season, however, it has required from one of them an entire fruit refrigerator car every day for six weeks to transport its early crops to the northern markets, while from ten to twenty carloads per day of vegetables were shipped during the season from the other. This is but a single illustration and by no means the most forcible one that could be presented of the rapid development of certain sections of the South, in a profitable agricultural direction. There are many localities in that section, particularly in Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana, on or near the line of the Illinois Central Railroad, that, although as yet undeveloped, are capable of easy cultivation and will grow the finest kind of fruit and vegetables. Lands well adapted to growing early strawberries and grapes, of quality to bring fancy prices in the market, can be obtained there very cheap, in some instances as low as $1.00 per acre. The availability of the Illinois Central fast fruit and vegetable trains for sending the crops to profitable markets adds but final weight to the security of its being a profitable enterprise to engage in the development of these lands. For information as to locality, topography of the country, character of the soil and products to which it is especially adapted, prices, and kindred matters, as well as for pamphlets on the subject, address at Manchester, Iowa, J. F. Merry, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, Illinois Central Railroad. june25-d&wlmo

A STRANGER in a great city can find in fifteen minutes a gambling house that a policeman never finds. It shows how much smarter than a peeler a jay may be. *New Orleans Picayune.*

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

AFTER 24 YEARS.

Deathbed Confession in an Illinois Murder Case.

A telegram from Paris, Ill., states that twenty-four years ago J. P. Cash was murdered four miles west of Paris, and Bruce Ray and O. W. Perry were arrested, charged with the crime. Vandever Perry made his escape from the county and it was reported that he had gone to Missouri. Ray and C. W. Perry were acquitted. This of course attached the guilt to Vandever Perry. A letter has been received at Paris which exonerates Vandever Perry of all complicity in the crime and is as follows:

LAMAR, MO., June 20, 1890.—To all whom it may concern: Believing that I am about to die, I wish to make a confession of the murder of J. P. Cash, the evening of the 18th of December, 1867, at the residence of the deceased's brother, Johnson Cash, about four miles west of Paris, Edgar county, Ill., the crime for which my brother, Vandever Perry, was charged. When I met my brother on the 26th of January, 1868, I told him just how it was and that if he would do as I wanted him to do and keep out of the way as much as he could, should he accidentally get caught, I would step in and give myself up, and he should be vindicated and exonerated from all harm. If he did not he would have to suffer an unjust punishment. I had been tried and acquitted, and they had nothing against me as far as they knew.

Some of them thought my brother had a knife but he did not. I took the knife and used it, but in self defense, as Mr. Cash came at me with a club, swearing he would knock my brains out. He came at me with the club. I threw up left arm and knocked the lick off, and we came together, and I had to do something to save myself. Now, I make this confession to let the people know who did it and to clear my brother of the charge against him, as I am about ready to die and be out of the way.

P. S.—When this is found have it published in the papers, so all who are concerned may know that I was the man who killed Cash, and not my brother.

Sales of Real Estate.

Fred Mattes to Theodore Winkler, deed to lot 2, in 25, 16, 1 east, 6.73 acres —$350.

Joseph Michl et al to Mary Sites, deed to lots 31 and 34, block 1, Leforgee & Patterson's addition—$150.

The Decatur Tile Co. to the Decatur Leader Manufacturing Co., the north half of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of 16, 16, 2 east, $13,000.

Minerva H. Kreamer to J. L. Thayer, lot in block 1, Gault's 2d addition to Decatur, $1500.

Lucy H. Thomas to Hary Meisenhelter, lot 5 in block 2, H. Robinson's addition to Decatur, $1500.

H. A. Wood to Maria Screeton, lots 7 and 8, block 2, H. A. Wood's addition of out-lots to Decatur, $1100.

L. A. Mills to John O. Baldridge, deed to 40 feet off east side of lot 2, block 2, Packard's addition—$1,200.

Lucy H. Thomas to Harry Weisenhelter, quit claim to lot 5, block 2, H. Robinson's addition—$1,500.

Frances A. Crawford to Mary E. Scufford, quit claim to lots 15 and 16, block 2, Third Rolling Mill addition—$1.

Mary Hugenberger to Mrs. S. M. Inman, deed to lot 15, block 1, Brueck's addition—$275.

Lewis G. Jordan to L. A. Mills, quit claim to 43 feet off the east side of lot 2, Packard's addition—$250.

New Catholic Church.

The new Catholic Church at Stonington was dedicated yesterday by Bishop Ryan, assisted by the Very Rev. P. J. Mackin and Father Maguire, of Decatur, and 25 other priests. The church cost about $9,000 and is one of the best on the line of the St. Louis branch of the Wabash road.

Elwin News.

D. A. McCreary and Chas H. Patterson are attending the races.

Walter Gray, who was accidentally shot some days ago, is improving.

During the fireworks at this place on the evening of the Fourth the boy with the toy pistol was at large and succeeded in slightly wounding James Martin.

D. H. Stickle is making hay.

Considerable wheat is being delivered here. It weighs from 60 to 61 pounds per bushel.

Jahile Burt is running a threshing outfit near Moweaqua. O. S.

July 9.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for the bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie a farmer and stockman, of the same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c a bottle, at King & Wood's Drug Store.

The Australian Law.

In the preparation by the Secretary of State of the circular of instruction on the Australian ballot law a controversy arose yesterday at Springfield as to whether the law applies to election of constables, justices of the peace and aldermen. Attorney General Hunt was called in and decided that the law applies to these elections the same as general elections. The only elections to which the law does not apply are those for School Trustees, members of Boards of Education, and officers in road districts in counties not under township organization.

Will Be Given Away.

Our enterprising druggist, W. O. Armstrong, who carries the finest stock of drugs, perfumeries, toilet articles, brushes, sponges, etc., are giving away a large number of trial bottles of Dr. Miles' celebrated Restorative Nervine. He guarantees it to cure headache, dizziness, nervous prostration, sleeplessness, the ill effects of spirits, tobacco, coffee, etc. Druggists say it is the greatest seller they ever knew, and is universally satisfactory. They also guarantee Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure in all cases of nervous or organic heart disease, palpitation, pain in side, smothering, etc. Fine book on "Nervous and Heart Disease" free.

Great Bargains

in Summer Underwear. Children's ribbed vests 5c, at the great clearing sale of Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co.

Will Play at Homer.

Goodman's Band made a ten-strike hit at Homer on July 4th, the people fairly worshipping the musicians who gave an open-air concert at night. The local committee remained with the band until 2 o'clock in the morning. The band has been engaged to play for the fair at Homer.

Editor Martin, of the Homer *Enterprise*, July 9, says:

At 7 o'clock in the evening the members of the Goodman band took their places on the stand erected for the occasion on the public square, and soon thereafter the genuine treat of the day was being dished out to the multitude of people standing and sitting in every nook and corner in the form of the most beautiful music that could be produced by a like number of musicians and instruments. Their variety of selections seemed inexhaustible and every member of the band seemed best contented when engaged in rendering some beautiful instrumental piece. Competent judges present pronounced their "Hunting Scene" and other selections presented as specialties by the Gilmore and other famous organizations equally as well rendered and with as good harmony and accord as that produced by the popular Gilmore. The Goodman band under the leadership and management of Prof. Walter is certainly composed of fine musical talent, and every instrument seems just what is required to bring out the proper tone at the proper time and place. Their music is not loud and harsh and is probably not what would be called good by those unused to the finest class of music, but to persons who are versed in the art and know when music in every sense of that term is being rendered, we sincerely believe the Goodman band would be selected to fill the bill and are entitled to the honor and name as one of the finest, if not the finest band in the State. The concert was continued during the display of fireworks and at 10 o'clock the crowd of people still lingered by, seemingly enchanted by the sweet strains of music. Not until 11 o'clock did the crowd disperse, and then with reluctance. The fireworks, although a fine display, did not prove as attractive as the music. All in all the celebration was a big success, and the above band was no small factor in the day's program.

So well pleased were the fair directors with the Goodman band that arrangements were made and the contract closed with Prof. Walter before he left for his home Saturday night for the band to furnish music for the coming fair. All will doubtless hail this good news with delight.

STOCK ALL TAKEN.

The Spring Lake Stock All Taken —Ready for Organization.

Decatur subscribers to the Pekin and Spring Lake Hunting and Fishing Club are in receipt of the following:

PEKIN, ILL., July 7, 1891.—DEAR SIR:—You are hereby notified that the stock of the Pekin and Spring Lake Hunting and Fishing Club is now all subscribed for, and that the first election for directors of said company will be held at Pekin, at the office of B. S. Prettyman, sr., in said city, on July 20th, 1891, at which all stockholders are notified and requested to attend and participate therein. Ten per cent of subscription, if not already paid, will then be required.

B. S. PRETTYMAN, SR.,
J. B. IRWIN,
H. S. MARSHALL,
THOS. COOPER,
G. G. RUHAAK,
GEO. R. RANKIN,
Commissioners.

Two Widows Claim the Insurance.

Two wives of William H. Overbeck, who was drowned in the Johnstown flood of May 21, 1889, are engaged in a bitter fight in court over the payment of an insurance policy for $2500 on his life. It was payable to his wife, Mrs. Mary Overdeck, but before payment was made wife No. 1, Mrs. Jennie Overbeck, of Philadelphia, put in a claim for the money, contending that she was the only legal wife. The insurance company paid the money into court, and both women, as well as the heirs, have engaged counsel to fight the claim. The parties are well connected and the case is exciting considerable interest.

Big Pension.

Postmaster McPheeter has been granted an increase of pension and will now draw $72 per month. As the allowance is for several years of back pension his first voucher will call for quite a snug sum, something like $5,000.—*Sullivan News.*

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

NEW HAMPSHIRE has the oldest living college graduate in the person of A. A. Parker, of Fitzwilliam. He was graduated from the University of Vermont in 1814, and will be 100 years of age October 8. At last accounts he was in very good health.

MRS. JACOB SCONDUE, of Springfield, Ohio, while visiting with her father-in-law at Gaynor City, Mo., was taken very sick with cholera morbus. A physician was sent for, but as the doctor was not at home, Mr. E. S. Wible, a merchant of Gaynor City, handed the husband of the sick lady a small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and asked him to try that, and if it did not cure he need not pay for it. But it did its work, and before returning to their home they called and procured another bottle. Uncle John Scondue says he will never be without Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. 25 and 50-cent bottles, for sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist. d&w

"A DERBY," said the hatter to a customer, "is a cross between a felt and a plug;" and when the hat got out of shape in the very first rain he felt cross enough to plug the hatter.—*Texas Siftings.*

Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills.

Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels *through the nerves.* A new discovery. Dr. Miles' Pills speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipation. Unequaled for men, women, children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 30 doses, 25 cts. Samples free, at W. O. Armstrong's drug store. d&w

BEST Indigo Prints 5c a yard; heavy yard-wide Sheeting, 4c—at the great clearing sale of Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co. d&w

NewspaperARCHIVE®

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TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

—Gustave Blum, a jeweler, committed suicide in the Grand Union hotel, New York, yesterday.

—The Canadian Pacific railroad-steamship Empress of Japan, arrived at Yokohama yesterday.

—The contempt case against H. H. Yard, of Philadelphia, was yesterday postponed until Saturday.

—By the premature explosion of a blast at Woodsville, N. Y., yesterday morning, two Italians were fatally injured.

—The national editorial convention met in St. Paul, Minn., yesterday, about 300 members of the profession being in attendance.

—The new Chilian cruiser Brazuriz sailed yesterday from France for a Portuguese port, where she will complete the work of taking on supplies.

—Two men and a negro, while hunting seals near San Miguel, Cal., last Monday, were drowned. Another one of the party clung to a rock for twenty-four hours and was saved.

—Minister Douglass again denies the persistent report that he is to resign. He may ask for further leave of absence, however. He says Hayti will be well represented at the World's fair.

—Phineas M Augur, who was prohibition candidate for governor of Connecticut last fall, died at his home near Middleton, yesterday morning, aged 83. His death was caused by heart disease.

—Thomas Hyde, a railroad man, was shot and fatally wounded by Sol Bonheimer, a drummer, during a quarrel in a saloon at Birmingham, Ala., Monday night. Bonheimer is under arrest.

—Prof. John Lloyd was shot and killed at Murfreesboro, Tenn., yesterday, and Tom Morton, his nephew by marriage, is suspected of the crime. He has disappeared, and it is known that there was trouble between the men.

—The petition committee of the French senate has recommended that the government favorably consider the appeal of the Panama shareholders that it co-operate with the credit Foncier to raise funds wherewith to complete the work.

—The governor of Nizhnee Novgorod, Russia, has warned the committee of exchange that speculators forming corners to raise the price of grain, or otherwise trading on the growing necessities of the people, will be punished and expelled from his jurisdiction.

—The run on the Bank of Spain, in Madrid, brought about by a tradesmen's boycott of the bank's notes, is being promptly met the bank having taken measures in Madrid and the provinces to have enough silver to meet the emergency without touching its gold reserve.

—Duncan, the American, charged with attempting to murder his wife in Wales, recently, was yesterday acquitted on a plea of insanity The prisoner was, however, detained in custody pending the decision of the court as to what disposition shall be made of him.

—By the explosion of a box of dynamite cartridges on the tramp ship R. C. Booth, lying at the Brooklyn wharf, yesterday, two men were killed, one of them being blown to atoms, and two others were wounded. A large hole was blown in the starboard side of the steamship and she sank.

—Policeman John D Ryerson, of Jersey City, N. J., became involved in a row, early yesterday morning with James Brennan. Lizzie Brennan, the latter's wife, interferred. Brennan was shot dead and his wife fatally wounded. The injured woman was taken to the hospital Ryerson was arrested

Agents for the Ceylon Tea Co.

Weaver & Lewis,

THE FAIR

HOT WEATHER PRICES.

Baking Powder, 5c a Can.
Earthen Tea Pots, only 20c.
Large Fancy Jelly Glass, only 4c
Best Matches on earth, 18c doz.
Rice Root Scrub Brush, 9c.
500 Cakes of Toilet Soap, 6 for 25c.
Granite Kettles, 30c up; Never Sold so Cheap.
Mason Fruit Jars, Rubber and Caps, Less than Wholesale Prices.

DO YOU ENJOY GOOD TEA?

Nothing Like Ours.



"DOUBLE CONE"
(Perfection Drip)

COFFEE POT.

Coffee Made upon Hygienic Principles.

DELICIOUS COFFEE, CLEAR AS AMBER, IN FROM ONE TO THREE MINUTES, WITHOUT THE USE OF EGGS, AND SAVING HALF YOUR COFFEE.

This Pot has a Textile Filter which removes all impurities from the beverage. It also has a Raised Bottom, which prevents boiling and preserves the beverage in all its original richness. *Bitter Coffee is Impossible in this Pot.*

FROM 55c. UP.

A Free Trader's Error.

Harper's Weekly says that the election of McKinley in Ohio may be taken as evidence that a reaction in favor of protection has set in. It must be inferred from this that this mugwump organ is of the opinion that since George William Curtis bolted the nomination of James G. Blaine, after having taken part in the adoption of the Republican platform and the naming of the Republican ticket, and joined himself to the opposition candidate and principles, that protection has been on the decline. The campaign of 1880, which resulted in the election of Garfield, was won purely as against the free trade declarations of Hancock and the Democratic platform, and Cleveland was only elected by the votes of the inmates of New York alms-houses, who were not entitled to vote as the courts have since held. In the campaign of 1888 the issue was made by the free trade message of President Cleveland and the Mills bill, and was squarely fought on the tariff, resulting in the election of a protection President and a protection Congress.

In the election of Congress in 1890, it is true the Republicans were defeated, but the defeat, so far as the tariff had any bearing upon the result, was brought about by the most shameful and unpatriotic misrepresentations ever known since the campaign which resulted in the election of James K. Polk; and no fair-minded man can truthfully say that the defeat was a defeat of protection. The very fact that *Harper's Weekly* assumes that there is likely to be a reaction in favor of protection argues that that paper does not believe the defeat of 1890 was due to protection.

There have been no changes in the tariff laws since that time, and no reaction could take place on rational lines. That the judgment of men may have been befogged by falsehood and the cry of the McKinley bill is probably true; but that any considerable number abandoned their adherence to the principles of protection is arrant nonsense. The election of McKinley in Ohio would not then indicate a reaction in favor of protection; but would simply show that those who had been deceived had discovered their error through the beneficent operation of the new law, which has served to expose the free trade liar of 1890. The majority of the American people have too much good sense to adopt free trade when it is clear to every fair reasoning man that such a course could only benefit those European nations that are our competitors in manufacturing. Part of the people may be fooled by the demagogue part of the time, but they cannot be deceived all the time, and this is one of the years and 1892 is another, when the demagogue will be relegated to the rear. This will be a reaction against the demagogue but not a reaction in favor of protection.

Chicago Grain Market.

The following were the closing quotations in Chicago at 1:15 p. m. to-day, received by B. Z. Taylor, Secretary Decatur Grain Company:

LIVE STOCK—Estimated receipts—
Hogs—18,000; 15c higher.
Cattle—16,000; slow.
GRAIN—Car lots—
Wheat 273; Corn 287, Oats 144.

	JULY.	AUGUST.	DEC.
WHEAT	$ .86¾	$ .81	$ .86⅜
CORN	.57½	.54⅛	.52⅛
OATS	.35⅓	—	
	JULY	SEPT.	
PORK	$10.35	$10.52	
LARD	6 37½	6.40	
RIBS	6.27½	6.45	

Owns an Alcha Colt.

B. Z. Taylor, of the Board of Trade, is stepping high to-day. He is the owner of a filly colt by the famous stallion record breaker Alcha 1:46, out of a well bred Billet mare. Ben will see that that colt is well fed and will train her for the track.

SPRINGFIELD has 15 firms which talk insurance for a livelihood, 11 real estate agents, 4 architects, 50 law firms, 27 barber shops, 13 coal mines, 93 retail grocery firms, 18 hotels, 27 meat markets, 14 large manufactories, 9 newspapers, 51 physicians, 11 job printing offices, 105 saloons, 14 wagon or feed yards, 6 A1 machine shops, 6 wholesale liquor houses, 10 first-class lunch rooms, 10 brick manufacturers, 7 banks and 41 churches.

STEPHEN T. LITTLER, of Logan County, son of the late D. T. Littler, has filed the papers for the land which came into his possession last week, at which time he attained his majority. The total value of the land is considerably more than $100,000.

The Best

French and American Corsets can always be found at Linn & Scruggs D. G. & C. Co. d&w

What Energy Did.

V. H. Parke & Son started the *lime* business last year. They had a *big* trade. Why? They carried a large and well selected stock, and sold at a fair price. They carry lime, hair, cement, all kinds, and everything trade demands at wholesale and retail. If you want anything call on them, and you can get it fresh and good. 621 N. Main St., on Wabash R. R. mar26-w6mo

BUY your Parasols, Corsets, Silk Mitts, Hosiery, Gloves, Rushing and Ribbons at the great clearing sale of Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co. d&w

WE carry the largest and best selected stock of Farm Machinery, Buggies, Surreys, Spring Wagons, Road Wagons, Road Carts, Farm Wagons, Field and Garden Seeds, of any house in Central Illinois. THE SPENCER & LEHMAN CO., Corner Main and Wood st., Decatur, Ill. Feb26-wtf

A MAN may smile and smile, but if he doesn't quit he will see snakes.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

"FUTURE OF THE NEGRO RACE."

Address by Bishop H. M. Turner, of Georgia, at Riverside Park.

Bishop H. M. Turner, of Atlanta, Ga., who has been attending the African Methodist camp meeting, is recognized as one of the ablest and most cultured colored divines in the United States. He is a dignified, fine-appearing man, 54 years of age, who has always led an active life in the ministry. He has a strong and melodious voice, an original manner on the platform, and carries conviction to the minds of his hearers. The Bishop after the close of the war was in politics, and was twice elected a member of the Georgia Legislature. He has been Bishop of the General Conference of the African M. E. church for eight years.

The Bishop was expected to deliver entire his address on "The Future of the Negro Race" at Riverside Park last night, but as the divine was not presented until about 8:30 it was impossible for him to cover all the points, as he had arranged to take the 10 o'clock train for Indiana. However, in the presence of less than one hundred people the Bishop began his lecture, which usually took over two hours in its delivery. He spoke without manuscript or notes. He failed to cover in detail many of the more interesting points of his lecture given recently in an interview published at Springfield on the future of the negro. In that interview he is quoted as saying:

It is a mistaken impression that I am in favor of the wholesale removal of the negro population back to Africa. But that I am in favor of the most cultured, thoughtful, self-reliant and progressive element of my race projecting some plan for the establishment of a negro nationality is true. I am severely denounced for my position in this respect, but no colored man up to the present time has shown me any other remedy for the evils which now confront us. That there is a deep racial prejudice between the whites and blacks in this country, no intelligent man will deny; and this prejudice is on the increase; thus widening the chasm which separates the two races. The white people of this country know scarcely anything about the negro or his merits for the reason that the bar of social contact is so severely maintained, and for this reason the negro knows comparatively little of the white race. Yet the negro understands the white man far better than the white man understands him, for the reason that we read the white papers every day, while the white people do not read the papers edited and published by negroes. I maintain that all history will justify my position that two alienated nations can not occupy the same territory and be at peace, for one will dominate and ultimately tyrannize the other. Think of the status of the negro in this country. The nation has declared itself powerless to protect him in the rights of a freeman and they have turned over his civil and political status to the several States. The Supreme Court of the United States in 1883, or thereabout, declared that all laws enacted by Congress clothing the negro with civil rights were unconstitutional and therefore null and void, and from that time up to the present, one State after another has been making degrading law for the colored race. Nearly a dozen States have passed laws prohibiting the negro from riding in the same car with white people, unless they are there as the servants of the white people. Some States have even made it unlawful for a negro to buy a ticket at the window where white persons buy their tickets. And now some of the cities are discussing the proposition to enact laws forbidding the two races from riding in the same street car together. In a few years from now at the drift things are now taking the negro will be disfranchised, and in less than twenty years from to-day States will be enacting laws for his re-enslavement. This may sound to the casual observer like foolishness, but it is as sure to come as the sun is to set to-night. The old Dred Scott decision is revived now—that black men have no rights which white men are bound to respect. Thus I see no future here for the negro, provided the negro negro expects to be a gentleman and an equal in the body politic. This picture is not half drawn, I am positively afraid to express the horror of things I see as they present themselves to me in the near future.

"What is the remedy? I see no remedy except for 100,000 or half a million of the higher type of the negro race to move off somewhere and establish a nationality of their own. Nor do I see any place under heaven that promises success to this endeavor except Africa. The only thing left for the negro to do is to build him a country of his own—to make and lift him a flag and give evidence of his manhood by successfully doing such things as other people have done; and I believe the negro has the power, the pride, the virtue and all the nobler instincts of manhood that can make the project a success. I am not in favor of a wholesale emigration to Africa. There are 2,000,000 Congo negroes in this country—the most inferior type of the African race—who ought to remain here forever, and it is this inferior type of negro that is keeping the better and nobler specimens of the African races in the dust of degradation. If the thinking men of my race could see as I do they would demand of Congress an appropriation of $500,000,000 to put a line of steamers between here and Africa which would carry the self reliant negro to the land of his fathers. Hundreds are ready to go. If the Southern States had good sense they would utilize the negro by establishing a steamship line between there and Africa and bring African products to New Orleans, Charleston and other seaport towns. This would make the negro more beneficial to the South than he was in the days of slavery. If Europe can keep 265 merchant ships hugging the shores of Africa the year round, and if Liverpool alone can maintain forty-eight steamships for this purpose, this nation, with the aid of the negro as an agent, ought to keep 500 merchant ships plying between here and Africa and bearing the wealth of that giant continent into this nation, and at the same time help the negro to a state of civilization and christian enlightenment which she justly owes to her colored sons and daughters. The white people of this country must either treat the negro as a civil and political equal—I am not talking of social equality—or the negro will remain here as a menace to the peace and harmony of this great government. The negro is the junior race of the world. There are forces pent up in the negro which will take six or seven thousand years to exhaust."

Bishop Turner is the Mathew Simpson of the A. M. E. Church, whose sermons, lectures and speeches have won for him a place among the most eloquent speakers of the age. He has not traveled much in the North and West, but there is scarcely a county in the South that he has not visited. He has studied every phase of the negro problem and is one of the few who think that the only salvation of the race is to immigrate to Africa.

Dr. Johnson is, verily, the Talmage of the race, having been the first colored man invited to speak in Dr. Talmage's Tabernacle in Bloomington. He is as witty as he is eloquent.

Dr. G. W. Bryant, Commissioner General of the National Emancipation Monument Association, is a Kentuckian by birth, and is now traveling in the interest of the Emancipation Monument to be erected at the World's Columbian Exposition. He was a brave soldier, is eminent as a physician and surgeon, historian and traveler. He visited the Indian Archipelago, and will lecture while here on the wild man of Borneo. He is an influential G. A. R man, and is on the staff of Commander Rassier, Department of Missouri. He is known as the great electrical orator of the race, or the negro Jim Blaine.

Weekly Payments.

The law requiring weekly payments went into effect July 1. This law requires "That every manufacturing, mining, lumbering, mercantile, street electric and elevated railway, telephone and municipal corporation, and every incorporated express company and water company shall pay weekly each and every employe engaged in the business, the wages earned by such employe to be within six days of the date of each payment."

Any corporation violating any of the provisions of this act shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding $20 and not less than $10 for each violation, to be paid to the people of the state, and which may be recovered in a civil action. Any person can bring this suit in the name of the people, but the suit must be begun in thirty days. The law forbids the assignment to another of wages that are to become due and forbids any corporation from requiring from an employe an agreement to accept wages at other periods than are provided for in the law.

McKinley on the Great Conspiracy.

Major McKinley is quoted as saying of the Democratic party leaders that "they care more for their own opinions than they do for the prosperity of the country." This is the keynote of the conspiracy into which they have entered to prevent the country from becoming prosperous before 1892, or, if it does become prosperous, to keep the knowledge of its prosperity from the people.

WASHINGTON *Post*: Col. Hay's refusal to express an opinion on the McClure-Nicolay controversy on the ground that he had but just returned from Europe is about as funny as the remark of the obfuscated individual, who, being referred to, in the early morning hours, to decide a dispute between two inebriates who chanced to meet him, as to whether the orb then lighting up the heavens was the sun or the moon, said, after grave consideration of the luminary in question and of the question itself, "Excuse me gentlemen, I'm a stranger in these parts."

CONSTIPATION

and other bowel complaints cured and prevented by the prompt use of

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

They regulate the liver, cleanse the stomach, and greatly assist digestion.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.
Lowell, Mass.

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Cleanfast Hosiery Co.,
NEW YORK.

CLEANFAST BLACK STOCKINGS.
THE F. P. ROBINSON CO'S DYE.

You ask why they are called Cleanfast. We answer: Because the dye is as pure and clean as white. Other dyes are often poisonous, but this dye is not. For a fact the F. P. Robinson Co.'s dye is the only absolutely fast black on cotton and hose thread ever discovered. Acid has no effect upon it. A still greater test is the perspiration of the feet, which will not change it.

It requires no special care in washing, soap can be freely used and it will improve the lustre.

The wearing quality of these goods is unsurpassed by any other black hose.

FOR SALE BY

S. G. Hatch & Bro.

—Dealers in—

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.
148 East Main Street.

OUR GREAT CLEARING SALE!

Will begin July 1st and Continue through the Entire Month.

UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS

—WILL BE OFFERED IN—

DRESS GOODS,

Challies, Mousselines, India Mulls, Black Dragon Organdies, Black Lace Flouncings,

White Goods,

Embroideries, Sun Umbrellas, Silk Mitts, Summer Corsets, Outing Shirts, Summer Underwear, Prints, Ginghams, Sheetings, Table Linens, Napkins and Towelings.

Our patrons know, and the public may learn, if they will, that we do not attempt to allure people by HUMBUG ADVERTISEMENTS. On the contrary, you will find our goods and prices as published.

LINN & SCRUGGS

Dry Goods and Carpet Company,

—AGENTS FOR—

The Celebrated "Centemeri" Kid Gloves,
The Golden Rule Black Silk,
The Hercules White Shirts and Butterick's Patterns.

Removal Sale!

WE OFFER CHOICE OF

100 BOYS' SUITS,

Ages 4 to 14 years,

AT $2.50,

Former Price, $3.75.

These are New and Stylish Suits, ALL WOOL and Good Wearers.

Everything in the way of MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING is

GREATLY REDUCED IN PRICES

As these goods must be sold before we remove to Masonic Temple Building Sept. 1.

Ottenheimer & Co.,
Leading One-price Clothiers.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

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